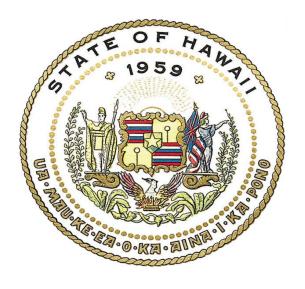
CONTINUITY OF OPERATIONS PLAN (COOP)

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM (DBEDT)







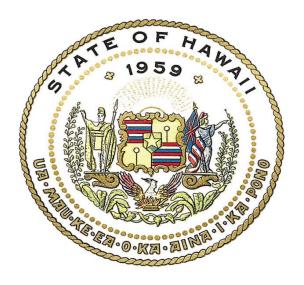






CONTINUITY OF OPERATIONS PLAN

State of Hawaii



Business, Economic Development and Tourism

Prepared for:

State of Hawaii

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All Continuity of Operations (COOP) Plans are considered internal decisional documents with national and domestic security protections afforded under applicable U.S. and state statutes. Additionally, due to the inclusion of personal information about State employees, this COOP Plan shall be protected by the Freedom of Information Act, Exemptions 3, 4 and 6 and the Hawaii Uniform Information Practices Act. This document is to be used to implement the State of Hawaii, hereafter referred to as "State", Continuity of Operations (COOP) Plan and contact government personnel in response to an emergency affecting the State. Unauthorized use of this information may constitute an invasion of privacy.

PROMULGATION STATEMENT

Transmitted herewith is the COOP Plan for the Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT). It provides a framework in which the state government, along with its officials, departments, agencies, offices and other governmental entities can plan and perform their respective functions during a disaster or national/local emergency.

This COOP Plan was prepared in accordance with direction from Homeland Security Presidential Directive 20, National Security Presidential Directive 51 and subsequent implementing guidance in Federal Continuity Directives 1 and 2, dated February 2008, Continuity Guidance Circular 1 (CGC 1), and Continuity Guidance Circular 2 (CGC 2). It is in accordance with other existing Federal, State, and local statutes and understanding of the various departments/agencies/offices involved. This plan supersedes any previous COOP Plan and has been certified by this department/agency/office within the State. It will be reviewed and re-certified annually. Recipients are requested to advise this department/agency/office of any changes which might result in its improvement or an increase in its usefulness.

Approved:		Date:
	Director	

FOREWORD

The DBEDT has essential operations and functions that must be performed, or rapidly and efficiently resumed, in a disaster or national/local emergency. Emergency events can quickly interrupt, paralyze, and/or destroy the ability of the DBEDT to perform these essential operations. While the impact of these emergencies cannot be predicted, planning for operations under such conditions can mitigate the impact of the emergency on our people, our facilities, our services, and our mission.

The State, along with its officials and departments/agencies/offices, has prepared a comprehensive and effective COOP Plan to ensure that essential operations can be performed during an emergency situation that may disrupt normal operations. This plan was developed to establish policy and guidance to ensure the execution of mission essential functions and to direct the relocation of personnel and resources to a continuity facility capable of supporting operations. The plan outlines procedures for alerting, notifying, activating, and deploying personnel; identifying the mission essential functions; establishing a continuity facility; and identifying personnel with authority and knowledge of these functions.

DBEDT

April 2012

REVISION RECORD

It is the responsibility of the holder of the plan to ensure that all changes and updates are made. The Plan Holder must:

- Remove and destroy obsolete pages
- Replace obsolete pages with the updated pages

	REV	ISION RECORD
Date	Affected Page Numbers	Description of Changes (Reason, Authorization, Approval)
April 2012	All	Initial distribution

DISTRIBUTION LIST

Distribution of the full version of this COOP Plan, which may contain sensitive information, will be restricted to essential personnel governed by a need-to-know basis.

All COOP Plans are considered internal decisional documents with national and domestic security protections afforded under applicable U.S. statutes. Additionally, due to the inclusion of personal information about State employees, this COOP Plan shall be protected by the Freedom of Information Act, Exemptions 3, 4, and 6 and the Hawaii Uniform Information Practices Act (Hawaii Revised Statutes Chapter 92F).

	DISTRIBUTION LIST
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1	Hawaii State Civil Defense
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6	

General (G) Distribution

General distribution of selected unclassified sections of the COOP Plan may be issued to all employees to ensure a high level of readiness. Distribution methods may be a combination of the local department's/agency's/office's instructional letters, employee bulletins, or other internal memoranda.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Historically, the State has always prepared, to the greatest extent possible, to respond to all hazard disasters and emergencies within its jurisdiction to save lives; protect the public's health, safety, and well being; protect property; maintain essential communications; provide for business and industrial continuity; and restore basic public services. However, the State has become increasingly aware of the extent to which disasters and emergencies can interrupt, paralyze, disrupt, and/or destroy its capabilities to preserve civil government institutions and perform essential governmental functions effectively under emergency conditions.

Consequently, the State has determined that it is imperative that each department/agency/ office develop and maintain a COOP Plan. COOP planning is designed to develop and maintain a plan that enables each department/agency/office to preserve, maintain, and/or resume its capability to function effectively in the event of the threat or occurrence of any disaster or emergency that could potentially disrupt governmental operations and services.

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1.1 Introduction

The key purpose of COOP planning is to reduce the consequences of a disaster to acceptable levels. Although when and how a disaster will occur is not known, the fact that future disasters will happen is certain. A COOP Plan is designed and implemented to establish response, recovery, resumption, and restoration procedures.

1.2 Purpose

This COOP Plan for the State presents a management framework, establishes operational procedures to sustain essential activities if normal operations are not feasible, and guides the restoration of the government's full functions. The plan provides for attaining operational capability within 12 hours and sustaining operations for 30 days or longer in the event of a catastrophic event or an emergency affecting the State.

The primary objectives of this plan are to:

- Ensure the continuous performance of the essential functions during an emergency
- Protect essential facilities, equipment, vital records, and other assets
- Reduce or mitigate disruptions to essential functions
- Assess and minimize damage and losses
- Facilitate decision-making during an emergency
- Achieve a timely and orderly recovery from an emergency and resumption of full service to customers

The COOP planning program's characteristics are:

- Capable of being maintained at a high level of readiness
- Capable of implementation with or without warning
- Able to achieve operational status no later than 12 hours after activation
- Able to sustain essential functions for up to 30 days
- Designed to take maximum advantage of existing department/agency/office infrastructures

1.3 Applicability and Scope

The departments/agencies/offices to which this COOP Plan applies are:

- State of Hawaii Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT)
- Hawaii State Civil Defense

The emergency conditions, events, and situations (sometimes referred to as "triggers") under which this COOP Plan would be implemented include:

- State facilities are down but the rest of the facilities are functioning normally
- State facilities are down, and other critical services are down (e.g., electricity, water, etc.)
- All facilities are down due to natural causes and/or
- All facilities are compromised due to man-made events (e.g., a terrorist attack)

1.4 Authorities and References

This COOP Plan was written under the authority of the following documents:

- Homeland Security Presidential Directive 20
- National Security Presidential Directive 51
- Federal Continuity Directives 1 and 2
- Continuity Guidance Circular 1
- Continuity Guidance Circular 2
- Chapter 127, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), Disaster Relief Act
- Chapter 128, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), Civil Defense and Emergency Act;
- Homeland Security Act of 2002, Pub. L. 107-296, 116 Stat. 2135
- U.S. Code Title 42, Chapter 68, Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act P. L. 93-288, as amended by Public Law 107-136, January 24, 2002
- State of Hawaii Plan for Emergency Preparedness, Volume I, Operational Civil Defense
- State of Hawaii Plan for Emergency Preparedness, Volume III, Disaster Response and Assistance
- State of Hawaii Emergency Support Function Annex to Volume III, February 2009

1.5 Planning Assumptions

Planning assumptions for the State and its departments/agencies/offices include:

- The vulnerability of the State depends on the probability of an event occurring and the impact that event could have on essential functions
- State and non-State personnel and resources located outside the area affected by the emergency or threat will be available as necessary to continue essential functions
- When a COOP event is declared, the State will implement a predetermined plan using trained and equipped personnel
- The State's goal is to be able to provide operational capability within 12 hours of the event and be able to continue essential functions for at least 30 days or until termination of the event, whichever is earlier
- In an emergency, outside assistance could be interrupted or unavailable
- Departments/agencies/offices must be prepared to operate without help for at least 5-7 days
- State officials are aware of their responsibilities and will respond as directed in the Emergency Operations Plans (EOP)
- Emergencies or threatened emergencies may adversely affect the department's/agency's/office's ability to continue to support essential functions and to provide services to clients or support to external agencies

1.6 Planning Responsibilities

Responsibility for COOP planning resides with the highest level of management of the department/agency/office involved. The Governor, as the chief elected official of the State of Hawaii is ultimately responsible for the continuation of essential services in an emergency and, consequently, for the related planning.

The department/agency/office head has several COOP planning responsibilities including, but not limited to, the following:

- Appointing a department/agency/office COOP Coordinator
- Developing a COOP Multi-Year Strategy and Program Management Plan
- Developing, approving, and maintaining COOP Plans for all components of the department/agency/office
- Coordinating COOP planning efforts and initiatives with policies, plans, and activities related to critical infrastructure protection
- Training the department's/agency's/office's staff for their COOP responsibilities
- Participating in periodic COOP exercises
- Notifying appropriate outside parties (e.g., the Governor) when COOP Plans are activated

The department/agency/office head may delegate tasks but will continue to regularly monitor and be updated on COOP Team efforts. There will be close coordination between the department's/agency's/office's management and the team responsible for COOP planning.

Table 1 lists the names, designated positions and the responsibilities of the personnel who are responsible for COOP planning.

Table 1 COOP Program Management Team

COOP PROGRAM N	IANAGEMENT TEAM
Name and Designated Position	General Responsibilities
Director	Approving authority of COOP Program.
Deputy Director	Back-up approving authority of the COOP Program
	and direction as needed.
Administrative Services Officer	Serves as task manager for plan components and
Department COOP Representative	procedure development. Also serves as a liaison
	for team members preparing/writing COOP Plan
	components and procedures.
	Primary POC for your and other
	department's/agency's/office's COOP Program.
	POC's to coordinate COOP Plan document design and development; will be liaison for
	departments/agencies/offices that are dependent
	on, or are dependencies for, your
	department/agency/office.
Administrative Services Officer	Develops and coordinates a comprehensive series
COOP Program Manager / Training, Testing and	of activities that will enable a
Plan Maintenance Coordinator	department/agency/office to perform essential
	functions during any emergency or act of terrorism;
	solicits "buy-in" and markets the COOP Program to
	Senior Management; develops the Multi-Year
	Strategy and Program for Plan Maintenance.
	Schedules and coordinates training of all key
	essential personnel identified as "first responders"
	for the department/agency/office. Schedules,
	coordinates, and documents the results (and
	lessons learned) of the exercising and testing of the
	COOP Plan to maintain viability. Establishes a review cycle for the COOP Plan to maintain
	readiness and currency.
	Responsible for disseminating accurate and
Public Information Officer	precise information to the public, managing media
T done information officer	contacts, and preparing press releases.
Deputy Director	Based on essential functions identified, assembles
COOP Administration / Logistics Support	and pre-positions necessary resources,
(Facilities)	documents, and equipment. Orders supplies;
	coordinates with facility management to ready
	emergency operations site.

1.7 Concept of Operations

An effective concept of operations describes the four phases of COOP Plan execution:

- 1. Readiness and preparation
- 2. Activation and relocation
- 3. COOP
- 4. Reconstitution

Note: See Plan Implementation Section.

The State provides comprehensive governmental functions and services focused on the creation, growth, and livelihood of critical infrastructure, economy, and community. Through inter- and intra-department/agency/office relationships, the State will provide critical and/or essential functions and services to ensure that lives, property, and economy are protected during and after a natural, man-made, or technical disruption or disaster.

The State is committed to ensuring that each of its citizens have peace of mind in knowing that if a disaster strikes their community, the State will continue critical and/or essential government functions using available facilities and personnel.

The State is dedicated to its citizens and business communities, and will always be ready to protect our public resources, our governmental services, and our regulatory powers so that in the event of a disaster, the State will experience minimal or no disruption.

1.8 Mission Statement

To achieve a Hawaii economy that embraces innovation and is globally competitive, dynamic and productive, providing opportunities for all Hawaii's citizens to prosper. DBEDT's Mission is to accomplish this by serving as an advocate for business and energy development, a resource for analytic data, and a facilitator for export business. DBEDT will also foster planned community development, create affordable workforce housing units in high-quality living environments, and work with the private sector to promote innovation sector job growth.

2.1 Phase 1: Readiness and Preparation

Readiness is the ability of each department/agency/office to respond to a continuity incident or event.

Potential scenarios that may require COOP activation include, but are not limited to:

- Department/agency/office receives notification of a credible threat, which leads the department/agency/office to enhance its readiness posture and prepare to take actions if necessary
- Department/agency/office experiences an emergency or a disruption that does not require movement of all continuity personnel to a continuity site. Some disruptions may require that key personnel remain onsite to conduct essential functions; other disruptions may prevent some or all personnel from getting to the department's/agency's/office's primary location; and yet others may require implementing a social distancing strategy (such as pandemic influenza), which would require the use of primary, continuity, and other relocations, such as telecommuting or working from home
- Department/agency/office continuity staff or facilities are unavailable, necessitating a shift of essential functions to a regional, field, or other location (devolution)
- A department's/agency's/office's facility is temporarily unavailable, and the department/agency/office either accommodates that facility's essential functions and personnel at another of its own facilities or transfers those essential functions and personnel to a facility of another department/agency/office.

2.2 Phase 2: Relocation and Activation (0-12 hours)

The process and/or methodology for attaining operational capability at the continuity facility/work site(s) will be completed with minimal disruption to essential functions and within 12 hours of activation. The essential functions with a Recovery Time Objective (RTO) of 12 hours or less will continue without disruption, and continuous operational capability under all conditions should be ensured. RTO is the period of time within which essential functions, systems and applications must be recovered after an outage.

Phase 2 includes the following activities:

- The occurrence of an event or the threat of an event
- Review, analysis, and decision to activate the continuity plan
- Alert and notification of continuity personnel
- Relocation, if necessary, to continuity facilities
- An accountability analysis of COOP personnel
- Identification of available leadership
- Determination and reporting of operational capabilities

The decision process and procedures for physically activating the COOP Plan encompass the following Incident Command System (ICS) functions, which are consistent with the State's EOP:

- Incident Command Determine objectives and establish priorities based on the nature of the incident
- Planning Section Develop the Incident Action Plan (IAP) to accomplish these objectives; collect and evaluate information and maintain status of assigned resources
- Operations Section Develop the tactical organization and direct all resources to carry out the incident action plan
- Logistics Section Provide resources and all other services needed for support, including transportation, food and lodging requirements
- Finance/Administrative Section Monitor costs related to the incident, providing cost analysis and overall fiscal guidance to include procurement and time recording
- Legal Officer Provide guidance on the legal and liability implications with COOP and Continuity of Government Plan activation

2.3 Phase 3: Continuity of Operations

This phase includes the following activities to continue essential functions:

- Account for all department/agency/office personnel
- Conduct essential functions (which depend on the situation)
- Establish communications with supporting and supported department/agency /office, and when and if directed to do so by the Governor and/or via this department/agency/office, the community
- Conduct recovery activities as needed, coordinated through this department/ agency/office and other departments/agencies/offices with the required personnel expertise, (e.g. State Energy Office), etc.

Plans or procedures include:

- Reception, in-processing, and accounting for COOP personnel
- Transition of responsibilities to the deployed continuity personnel
- Guidance for non-deployed personnel
- Identification of replacement personnel and augmentees, as necessary
- Execution of all essential functions at the continuity facility
- Activation of processes and procedures to acquire the resources necessary to continue essential functions
- Notification of the adjacent departments/agencies/offices, and, when and if directed to do so by the Governor via this department/agency/office, the community of COOP activation and status
- Redeployment plans for phasing down continuity facility operations and returning essential functions, personnel, records, and equipment to the primary or other operating facility when appropriate

2.4 Phase 4: Reconstitution

Reconstitution is conducted using a priority-based, phased approach in which the most essential functions are transferred last. Those functions that were discontinued because of the emergency should be reconstituted first. All personnel will be informed that the necessity for COOP no longer exists. Instructions for resumption of normal operations include supervising an orderly return to the normal operating facility, moving to another temporary facility, or moving to a new permanent facility. All departments will report their location status to this department, and the Governor. The process of reconstitution will generally start immediately after an event concludes, and can run concurrently with the recovery process. Some of the activities involved with reconstitution include, but are not limited to:

- Assessing the status of affected facilities with the appropriate department/ agency/office and personnel
- Determining how much time is needed to repair the affected facility and/or to acquire a new facility
- Supervising facility repairs with the appropriate department/agency/office and personnel
- Notifying decision makers of the status of repairs, including estimates of when the repairs will be completed
- Implementing a priority-based, phased approach to reconstitution

There will be an after action review of the effectiveness of COOP Plans and procedures as soon as possible, including an identification of aspects of the plans and procedures that need to be corrected, followed by lessons learned and the development of a Corrective Action Plan (CAP). A CAP is the plan of action and schedule for correcting a process or procedure, thus eliminating the causes of an identified problem from recurring.

3.1 Risk Assessment

Hazard or threat identification and vulnerability assessment combine probabilities of event occurrence (e.g., earthquake, hurricane, tsunami, etc.) with factors relevant to the specific site (e.g., location, operational, and structural characteristics) to determine the risk of a given threat at a site. Risk is the predicted impact that a hazard might have on people, services, and facilities within a department/agency/office.

Listed in Table 2, in priority order, are the hazards that could occur in the State. The probability of occurrence (in terms of highly likely, medium chance of occurrence, and low possibility of occurring) is listed for each hazard.

3.2 Vulnerability Assessment Secondary Hazards and Threats

Hazards and threats from a secondary source were considered. Neighboring departments/agencies/offices or facilities were considered if they housed materials or performed operations that generate hazards or threats for the department/agency/office. While there is no direct control over this type of hazard or threat, the site vulnerability may be higher.

Physical Security

A Site Vulnerability Analysis typically considers problems relating to the location of the facility in question. The Vulnerability Analysis may reference the risk of demonstrations, acts of terrorism, and crime rates in the immediate area. In addition, the Analysis may discuss the current protection methods used such as camera systems, guards, and access control systems.

Physical security design and assessment considers mechanical, electronic, and computer issues in addition to the building, and the department/agency/office function or location-related threats and hazards. Topics ranging from locking systems and updated standards to screening and detection equipment were included in the Vulnerability Analysis.

		RISK / VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT		
Hazards	Probability of Occurrence	Capabilities / Resources / Mitigation Efforts	Essential Functions Affected	Overall Impact
Earthquakes	Medium to High	 US Geological Survey Employee training on emergency evacuation methods 	All	High
Tsunami	Medium to High	Pacific Tsunami Warning Center	All	High
Hurricane and Strong Winds	Medium to High	 NOAA/NWS Emergency Operations Plan 	All	High
Flooding	Medium	 NOAA/NW/S Emergency Operations Plan 	All	High
Power Outage/Utility Failure	Medium	 Hawaiian Electric Company (Oahu only) Facility emergency back-up generators Portable solar back-up power supply systems (SEO) 	All	Medium
Fire	Low to Medium	 Building equipped with fire detection and suppression equipment Fire extinguishers located in facility Employee training on emergency evacuation methods 	All	Medium
Chemical Release	Low	 HVAC units shut down Fresh air vents closed Employee training on emergency evacuation methods 	All	Medium
Terrorism	Low	Secure access pointsLock down capabilities	All	Low
Pandemic	Low	Centers for Disease ControlState Department of HealthVaccinations	All	High
Fuel Shortage/Disruption	Low to Medium	 Hawaii State Energy Council Strategic Petroleum Reserve U.S. PACOM Defense Logistics Agency Energy - Pacific 	Most	Medium

4.0 HUMAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

4.1 Employee Dismissal or Building Closure Procedures

Employee dismissal is per the Governor's Office and Department of Human Resources Development.

4.2 Established Methods of Employee Communications

Employee communications are conducted through a phone tree for the department/ agency/office and mass notification system.

4.3 Procedures for Making Media Announcements

Media announcements during an emergency will be made through the Director/Public Information Officer in conjunction with within the Governor's Office.

4.4 Pay and Benefit Issues

The Department of Accounting & General Services will be in control of all pay roll. Interpretation of pay and benefit authorities for all department/agency/office employees will be addressed to the Department of Human Resources Development.

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

The following information is for the DBEDT.

5.0 ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS

The department/agency/office has identified the essential functions that enable it to provide vital services, exercise civil authority, maintain the safety and well-being of the general population, and sustain the industrial and economic base in an emergency. Essential functions provide the basis for COOP planning.

The essential functions are prioritized according to those activities that are pivotal to resuming operations when a catastrophic event occurs. Prioritization is determined by the following:

- Time criticality of each essential function
- Sequence for recovery of essential functions and their critical processes

Note: An essential function's time criticality is related to the amount of time that function can be suspended before it adversely affects the department's/agency's/office's core mission. Time criticality can be measured by either recovery time or recovery point objectives. The Recovery Point Objective (RPO) is more specific to information systems. It is the amount of data that can be lost measured by a time index. Not all processes have RPOs, and some processes can have both a RPO and an RTO.

Essential functions and their supporting processes and services are intricately connected. Each essential function has unique characteristics and resource requirements, without which the function could not be sustained. Those processes and services that are necessary to assure continuance of an essential function are considered critical. Often, the processes and services deemed critical vary depending upon the emergency or if they have a time or calendar component.

Table 3 is a prioritized order of the essential functions within the department/agency/office. For each essential function listed, their critical dependencies (supportive processes or services) and their RTO are provided.

Table 3 Essential Functions, Dependencies and Recovery Time Objective

	ESSENTIAL FUNC	TIONS, DEPENDENCIES AND REC STATE ENERGY OFFICE	ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS, DEPENDENCIES AND RECOVERY TIME OBJECTIVES STATE ENERGY OFFICE	
Priority	Essential Function	Supportive Processes or Services / COOP Strategy	Supporting Departments/Agencies/Offices	Recovery Time Objective (RTO)
-	Energy shortage management	Requires electricity, internet connectivity, telecom services, and data access, in addition to water, air conditioning, and lighting for safe/secure operation	 State Civil Defense DOT DAGS DOH DCCA Hawaii State Energy Council member organizations 	12 hours
	ESSENTIAL FUNCT	IONS, DEPENDENCIES AND R FOREIGN TRADE	IONS, DEPENDENCIES AND RECOVERY TIME OBJECTIVES - FOREIGN TRADE	
Priority	Essential Function	Supportive Processes or Services / COOP Strategy	Supporting Departments/Agencies/Offices	Recovery Time Objective (RTO)
-	Security of Foreign Trade Zone warehouse	Inventory Management System	Foreign Trade Zone - outsourced to Security Firms Homeland Security	Immediate
2.	Public access to stored cargo/leased office space for clients	Management personnel Security to oversee the buildings	Foreign Trade Zone - outsourced to Security Firms Homeland Security	Immediate for lease office space Cargo within 24 hours
3.	Cargo physically moving in and out of foreign trade zone	Inspection of cargo by Customs	Customs	1 week

	ESSENTIAL FUNCT NATURAL ENE	SENTIAL FUNCTIONS, DEPENDENCIES AND RECOVERY TIME OBJECTIVE NATURAL ENERGY LABORATORY OF HAWAII AUTHORITY (BIG ISLAND)	ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS, DEPENDENCIES AND RECOVERY TIME OBJECTIVES – NATURAL ENERGY LABORATORY OF HAWAII AUTHORITY (BIG ISLAND)	
Priority	Essential Function	Supportive Processes or Services / COOP Strategy	Supporting Departments/Agencies/Offices	Recovery Time Objective (RTO)
<u>_</u>	24/7 seawater distribution center	Pumping seawater Emergency Generators	Hawaiian Electric and Light Company	2-3 hours
		Backup diesel fuel storage	Hawaii Petroleum – approved diesel fuel vendor	
	ESSENTIAL FUNC HAWAII H	'IAL FUNCTIONS, DEPENDENCIES AND RECOVERY TIME OBJE HAWAII HOUSING, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS, DEPENDENCIES AND RECOVERY TIME OBJECTIVES HAWAII HOUSING, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	
Priority	Essential Function	Supportive Processes or Services / COOP Strategy	Supporting Departments/Agencies/Offices	Recovery Time Objective (RTO)
<u> </u>	Asset and property management to avoid monetary impact to tenants.	Assistance to tenants that are displaced – residential facilities	Outside contractors to do general maintenance to facilities	2 weeks to 1 month
		Facilities maintenance and operating cash flows at property level	All properties are managed by outside property managers	

6.0 KEY PERSONNEL

Each essential function has associated key personnel and positions that are necessary to the COOP. They represent strategically vital points in the department's/agency's/office's management and authority, and underscore the essential functions of the department/agency/office that must be carried out. If these positions are left unattended, the department/agency/office will not be able to meet customer needs or fulfill its essential functions.

Table 4 lists the key personnel, and their contact information, that perform essential functions, including supporting process and procedures. Also provided are the key personnel's current title and their role once operating under the COOP Plan.

	Contact Information							
KEY POSITION / PERSONNEL STATE ENERGY OFFICE	COOP Role	1. SID COOP Coordinator	2. Program Point of Contact – Primary for Essential Function	3. COOP Administration/Logistics Support Officer	4. Public Relations/Media Officer	5. Training/Testing /Plan Maintenance Coordinator	6. Legal Compliance Counsel	
KEY PO STAT	Name, Title, Address	1. Mr. Mark Want – Energy Emergency Planning Analyst	2. Carilyn Shon - Administrator	3. Mr. James Bac – Management & Budget Specialist	4. Ms. Kathy Yim – Energy Analyst	5. Mr. Mark Want – Energy Emergency Planning Analyst	6. Mr. John Myrdal RE Projects Program Manager	
	Essential Function	Energy Shortage/Disruption Management functions						

	KEY POS	KEY POSITION / PERSONNEL	
		FOREIGN TRADE	
Essential Function	Name, Title, Address	COOP Role	Contact Information
Security of Foreign Trade Zone warehouse	Administrator	Primary for Essential Function	
Public access to stored cargo/leased office space for clients	Administrator	Primary for Essential Function	
Cargo physically moving in and out of foreign trade zone	Administrator	Primary for Essential Function	
IIITAN	KEY POS	KEY POSITION / PERSONNEL	KEY POSITION / PERSONNEL
Essential Function	Name, Title, Address	COOP Role	Contact Information
24/7 seawater distribution center	Jan War, Operations Manager	Primary for Essential Function	
	KEY POS	KEY POSITION / PERSONNEL	
	HAWAII HOUSING, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	CE & DEVELOPMEN	* CORPORATION
Essential Function	Name, Title, Address	COOP Role	Contact Information
Asset and property management to avoid monetary impact to tenants	TBD 677 Queen Street, Suite 300, Honolulu, HI 96813	Primary for Essential Function	

7.0 ORDERS OF SUCCESSION

Succession planning ensures the continued effective performance of the department/agency/ office by making provisions for the replacement of people in key positions. Succession orders should be of sufficient depth to ensure the department's/agency's/office's ability to manage, direct, and perform essential functions through any emergency. Geographical dispersion is encouraged, consistent with the principle of providing succession to department/agency/office in emergencies of all types.

Table 5 lists the key positions by essential function, the successors for the position, and the conditions for succession.

		ORDERS O	ORDERS OF SUCCESSION		
		STATE EN	STATE ENERGY OFFICE		
Essential Function	Key Position / Personnel	Successor 1 (By position)	Successor 2 (By position	Successor 3 (By position)	Condition for Succession
Energy Shortage/Disruption	Energy Resources Coordinator	DBEDT Deputy Director Mr.	State Energy Office	Shortage Management	Incapacitation of the key position, or if requested by
Management functions	(DBEDT Director) Mr. Mike McCartney	Randy Tanaka	Administrator Ms. Carilyn Shon	Center's Shortage Manager Mr. Jeffrey Matsu	Governor/Director
		ORDERS 0	ORDERS OF SUCCESSION		
		FOREI	FOREIGN TRADE		
Essential Function	Key Position / Personnel	Successor 1 (By position)	Successor 2 (By position	Successor 3 (By position)	Condition for Succession
Security of Foreign Trade Zone warehouse	Administrator	Trade Representative	Operations Supervisor	Business Manager	Incapacitation of the key position
Public access to stored	Administrator	Trade	Operations	Business Manager	Incapacitation of the key
cargo/leased office space for clients		Representative	Supervisor		position
Cargo physically moving in	Administrator	Trade	Operations	Business Manager	Incapacitation of the key
and out of foreign trade zone		Representative	Supervisor		position
		ORDERS O	ORDERS OF SUCCESSION		
	NAIORAL	L ENERGY LABORALORY OF HAWAII (BIG ISLAND)	ALORY OF HAWA	(BIG ISLAND)	
Essential Function	Key Position / Personnel	Successor 1 (By position)	Successor 2 (By position	Successor 3 (By position)	Condition for Succession
24/7 seawater distribution	Jan War,	Alex Leonard	Tom Pierce,	Tony, Mitchell,	Incapacitation of the key
center	Operations Manager	Admin & Proj Mgr	Electrician I	Seawater Systems Technician	position
		ORDERS O	ORDERS OF SUCCESSION		
	HAWAII HO	HAWAII HOUSING, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	& DEVELOPMENT	CORPORATION	
Essential Function	Key Position / Personnel	Successor 1 (By position)	Successor 2 (By position	Successor 3 (By position)	Condition for Succession
Asset and property	Jason Takata	Donna Ho	Executive Director	None	Incapacitation of the key
management to avoid	Asset ()	Property			position
tenants	ivialiage! ()	ivialiago:			

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8.0 DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

Delegation of Authority in COOP planning ensures rapid response to an emergency that requires COOP Plan activation.

The types of authority that are addressed are emergency authority and administrative authority.

Emergency Authority refers to the ability to make decisions related to an emergency, such as deciding whether to activate a COOP Plan, deciding whether to evacuate a building, or determining which personnel should report for their duties.

<u>Administrative Authority</u> refers to the ability to make decisions that have effects beyond the duration of the emergency. Unlike emergency authority, administrative authority does not have a built-in expiration date. Such decisions involve policy determinations and include hiring and dismissal of employees and allocation of fiscal and non-monetary resources.

A successor's authority is either full or limited.

<u>Full</u> – Successor will assume full responsibility for essential function(s) during a COOP event.

<u>Limited</u> – Successor will assume limited responsibility for essential function(s) during a COOP event. If a successor's responsibility is limited the limitations need to be defined.

8.1 Rules and Procedures for Delegating Authority

This delegation of authority component requires a list of conditions or events that will trigger the delegation of authority for each key position. Activation of any delegation of authority is tied to the level of threat or the category of emergency. How the designee will assume authority and how staff will be notified of the delegation are included in Table 6.

8.2 Limitations of Authority and Accountability of the Delegation

Limitations on the delegation are often restrictions on the duration, extent, or scope of the authority. Officials who may be expected to assume authority in an emergency are trained to perform their emergency duties.

Delegation of Authority outlines the breadth and depth of responsibility of the successor for the following:

- Each essential function
- Each key position

Table 6 lists the position(s) being delegated and the specific authority or task(s) to be performed along with the types of authority being granted. Also listed in the table are:

- The activities or actions that would trigger a delegation of authority
- Rules governing the successor's ability to exercise authority
- Procedures that must be followed before successors exercise authority
- Any limitations of authority

		<u>o</u>	ELEGATION O STA	DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY – SUCCESSOR 1 STATE ENERGY OFFICE	CESSOR 1		
Essential Function	Successor Position 1	Type of Authority	Authority	Triggering Conditions	Rules	Procedures	Limitations
Energy	DBEDT	Full	Emergency &	Official	Must receive	Emergency	For duration of
Shortage/Disruption	on Deputy		Administrative	emergency/shortage,	approval from	conditions	emergency/shortage
Management	Director			or incapacitation,	Governor/DBEDT	reported to	and subject to
functions	Mr Randy			absence/unavailability	Director, or in	DBEDT	Governor's/Director's
	Tanaka			of key	event of	Director;	withdrawal. Limited
				position/personnel, or	Governor	Director	to emergency
				if requested by	Declared	approves	powers as
				Governor/Director	Emergency or	Deputy's	Governor's
					Shortage	emergency	authorized
						authority for	representative and
						COOP	those powers
						activation	granted under Ch.
						and	127, 128, 196, 125C,
						expenditures	and Declaration.
		<u> </u>	ELEGATION O	DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY – SUCCESSOR 1	CESSOR 1		
	NAT	URAL ENE	RGY LABORA	NATURAL ENERGY LABORATORY OF HAWAII AUTHORITY (BIG ISLAND)	THORITY (BIG IS	LAND)	
Essential	Successor	Type of	of Authority	ority Triggering	Rules	Procedures	S Limitations
Function	Position 1	Authority	ty	Conditions			
24/7 seawater	Jan War	Administrative	tive Full	Incapacitation or	r N/A	N/A	None
distribution	Operations			absence of key			
center	Manager			position/personnel	lel		

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			FOREIG	FEEGATION OF ACTHORITY = SOCCESSON - FOREIGN TRADE	- 400		
Essential Function	Successor Position 1	Type of Authority	Authority	Triggering Conditions	Rules	Procedures	Limitations
Security of Foreign Trade Zone warehouse	Trade Representative	Administrative	llu .	Incapacitation or absence of key position/personnel	Border Protection Rules and Regulations State – Delegation of	A/A	None
Public access to stored cargo/leased office space for clients	Trade Representative	Administrative	Full	Incapacitation or absence of key position/personnel	Border Protection Rules and Regulations State – Delegation of	N/A	None
Cargo physically moving in and out of foreign trade zone	Trade Representative	Administrative	Full	Incapacitation or absence of key position/personnel	Border Protection Rules and Regulations State – Delegation of	N/A	None
		DELEGA HAWAII HOUSIN	ATION OF AUTH VG, FINANCE &	DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY – SUCCESSOR 1 HOUSING, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	SOR 1		
Essential Function	Successor Position 1	Type of Authority	Authority	Triggering Conditions	Rules	Procedures	Limitations
Asset and property management to avoid monetary impact to tenants	Jason Takata, Property Manager	Limited	Emergency	Incapacitation or absence of key position/personnel	N/A	N/A	Limited to outside property management and liaison with Accounting for monetary issues

		DEI	LEGATION OF	LEGATION OF AUTHORITY - SUCCESSOR 2 STATE ENERGY OFFICE	CESSOR 2		1
Essential Function	Successor Position 2	Type of Authority	Authority	Triggering Conditions	Rules	Procedures	Limitations
Energy Shortage/Disruption Management functions	State Energy on Office Administrator Ms. Carilyn Shon	Full	Emergency & Administrative	Official emergency/shortage, or incapacitation, absence/unavailability of key position/personnel, or if requested by Director/Deputy Director	Must receive approval from DBEDT Director/Deputy, or in event of Governor Declared Emergency or Shortage	Emergency conditions reported to DBEDT Director/Deputy; Deputy Director approves Administrator's emergency authority for COOP activation and expenditures	For duration of emergency/shortage and subject to Governor's/Deputy Director's withdrawal. Limited to emergency powers as Governor's authorized representative and those powers granted under Ch. 127, 128, 196, 125C, and Declaration.
	TAN	DEI	LEGATION OF	DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY - SUCCESSOR 2 NATI IRAI ENERGY ABORATORY OF HAWAII ALITHORITY (RIG ISLAND)	CESSOR 2	CONVI	
Essential Function	Successor Position 2	Type of Authority	Authority	y Triggering Conditions	Rules	Procedures	Limitations
24/7 seawater distribution center	Tom Pierce, Electrician I	Limited	Emergency	Incapacitation or absence of key position/personnel	Y/A	N/A	Procurement authority Inability to outsource for vendor support

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		DELE	GATION OF	LEGATION OF AUTHORITY - SUCCESSOR 3	CESSOR 3		
Essential Function	Successor Position 3	Type of Authority	Authority	Triggering Conditions	Rules	Procedures	Limitations
Energy Shortage/Disruption Management functions	Shortage ion Management Center's Shortage Manager Ms. Carilyn Shon	Administr.	Full en Grappo of Full Ac Di if r	Official emergency/shortage, or incapacitation, absence/unavailability of key position/personnel, or if requested by Director/Deputy Director/SEO Administrator	Must receive approval from DBEDT Director/Deputy, or in case of Governor Declared Emergency or Shortage	Emergency conditions reported to DBEDT Director/Deputy; Deputy Director approves Shortage Manager's emergency authority for COOP activation and expenditures	For duration of emergency/shortage and subject to Governor's/Director's/ Deputy Director's withdrawal. Limited to emergency powers as Governor's authorized representative and those powers granted under Ch. 127, 128, 196, 125C, and Declaration.
		DELE	GATION OF A	DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY – SUCCESSOR 3	CESSOR 3		
	NA	TURAL ENERG	Y LABORATO	NATURAL ENERGY LABORATORY OF HAWAII AUTHORITY (BIG ISLAND)	JTHORITY (BIG I	SLAND)	
Essential Function	Successor Position 3	Type of Authority	Authority	Triggering Conditions	Rules	Procedures	Limitations
24/7 seawater	Tony Mitchell,	Limited	Emergency	Incapacitation or	N/A	N/A	Procurement
distribution center	Seawater Systems Technician			absence of Key position/personnel			authority Inability to outsource for vendor support

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9.0 DEVOLUTION OF DIRECTION AND CONTROL

Devolution planning supports overall COOP planning and addresses catastrophic and other disasters or events that render leadership and staff unavailable to, or incapable of, supporting the execution of its essential functions from either its primary or continuity location(s).

In Table 7, the department/agency/office that each essential function will be transferred to is identified.

In addition, the following information is also provided:

- Specifically trained staff within the department/agency/office to which the essential function was transferred, if feasible
- Trigger points for each essential function that are used to define a devolution event
- Equipment and supplies that will be needed for a specific essential function, if feasible and/or applicable
- Procedures for acquiring supplies that will be needed to maintain essential functions, if feasible and/or applicable
- Triggering events that will signal reconstitution of essential functions back to their originating department/agency/office

	DE	VOLUTION ST	ON OF DIRECTION AND STATE ENERGY OFFICE	EVOLUTION OF DIRECTION AND CONTROL STATE ENERGY OFFICE	ROL	
Essential Function	Department/Agency/ Office to Transfer Essential Function	Roster of Trained Staff	Trigger for Devolution	Equipment and Supplies Needed	Procedures for Acquiring Supplies	Trigger for Reconstitution
Energy Shortage/Disruption Management functions	DBEDT Directr		DBEDT State Energy Office is unable or incapable of staffing and implementin g and providing for adequate sustained operation of Essential Functions.	Communications equipment and computer hardware. Database or back up access.	Emergency Procurement and Records Emergency Action Planning procedures.	SEO's leadership and key staff available and capable of performing Essential Functions at either Primary or Continuity Facilities.
	DE NATURAL	VOLUTION ENERGY L	I OF DIRECTIC ABORATORY	DEVOLUTION OF DIRECTION AND CONTROL AL ENERGY LABORATORY OF HAWAII (BIG ISLAND)	ROL 3IG ISLAND)	
Essential Function	Department/Agency/ Office to Transfer Essential Function	Roster of Trained Staff	Trigger for Devolution	Equipment and Supplies Needed	Procedures for Acquiring Supplies	Trigger for Reconstitution
24/7 seawater distribution center	DBEDT Director	Yes	DBEDT Natural Energy Lab of Hawaii (Big Island) is demolished	N/A	Emergency Procurement and Records Emergency Action Planning procedures.	Recovery or rehire of trained staff.

	DE	VOLUTION	NOF DIRECTION A FOREIGN TRADE	DEVOLUTION OF DIRECTION AND CONTROL FOREIGN TRADE	OL	
	Department/Agency/	Roster	Trigger for	Equipment	Procedures for	Trigger for
Essential Function	Office to Transfer Essential Function	ot Trained	Devolution	and Supplies Needed	Acquiring Supplies	Reconstitution
Security of Foreign	H 0 1	Yes	DBEDT			Recovery or rehire of
Trade Žone	UBEDI		Foreign	A/N	Y/2	trained staff.
warehouse			Trade is demolished			
Public access to	TUBBU	Yes	DBEDT	V/N		Recovery or rehire of
stored cargo/leased	UBEUI		Foreign	4 2	4 /2	trained staff.
office space for clients			Trade is demolished			
Cargo physically	DBEDT - Accounting	Yes	DBEDT	Access to	N/A	Recovery or rehire of
moving in and out of	in area of compliance		Foreign	systems		trained staff.
foreign trade zone	Inventory Management		Trade is	Backup tapes		
	System (Key to		demolished	stored at		
	operations)			location		
	DE	VOLUTION	I OF DIRECTI	DEVOLUTION OF DIRECTION AND CONTROL	SOL	
	HAWAII HOL	JSING, FIN	IANCE & DEV	HAWAII HOUSING, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	RPORATION	
	Department/Agency/	Roster	Trigger for	Equipment and	Procedures for	Trigger for
	Office to Transfer	o	Devolution	Supplies	Acquiring Supplies	Reconstitution
Essential Function	Essential Function	Trained Staff		Needed		
Asset and property	DBEDT Director	Yes	DBEDT	 Property 	Hawaii Housing,	Recovery or rehire of
management to avoid			Hawaii	Management	Finance &	trained staff.
monetary impact to			Housing, Finance &	 Contact Information 	Corporation	
			Development			
			Corporation is			
			demolished			
		•				

10.0 VITAL RECORDS AND DATABASES

COOP Plans account for identification and protection of vital records and databases (including classified or sensitive data) that are needed to perform essential functions and activities and to reconstitute normal operations following an emergency. Table 8 identifies vital records and/or databases that are needed to support the maintenance of the essential functions. In addition, the following information is also provided:

- Current status of the vital record(s) or database
- Whether the vital record(s) or database is pre-positioned at or is to be hand carried to the continuity facility
- The specific current location of the vital record(s) or database

Note: Table 10, Critical Vendors, is for capturing all vendor information related to vital records and databases.

	VITAL RI ST.	VITAL RECORDS AND DATABASES STATE ENERGY OFFICE	3ASES	
Essential Function	Vital Records and Databases	Form of Record (e.g., hard copy, electronic)	Pre-Positioned or Hand Carried	Storage Location(s)
State Energy Office - Energy Shortage/Disruption Management functions	Energy Assurance Plan Emergency Contact lists and trees Local Area Network Remote Secure Data Server Internal/External email servers Electronic versions of vital records Virtual Joint Planning Office and other cloud based databases	Hard copy and electronic	Primarily Hand Carried with portions pre-positioned in cloud database.	On Local Area Network, external hard drives, in locked file cabinets, and cloud
	VITAL RI NATURAL ENERGY L	VITAL RECORDS AND DATABASES NATURAL ENERGY LABORATORY OF HAWAII (BIG ISLAND)	SASES WAII (BIG ISLAND)	
Essential Function	Vital Records and Databases	Form of Record (e.g., hard copy, electronic)	Pre-Positioned or Hand Carried	Storage Location(s)
Natural Energy Laboratory of Hawaii Authority (Big Island) - 24/7 seawater distribution center	Procedures Emergency Response Plan	Electronic	Hand carry	Hard drives in the lab, on numerous computers, thumb drives, no network

	VITAL RI	VITAL RECORDS AND DATABASES FOREIGN TRADE	3ASES	
Essential Function	Vital Records and Databases	Form of Record (e.g., hard copy, electronic)	Pre-Positioned or Hand Carried	Storage Location(s)
Security of Foreign Trade Zone warehouse	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Public access to stored cargo/leased office space for clients	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cargo physically moving in and out of foreign trade zone	Accounting Records, Inventory Records	Electronic	Hand Carry	DBEDT-IT
	VITAL RECORDS AND DATABASES HAWAII HOUSING, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	VITAL RECORDS AND DATABASES SING, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CO	SASES ENT CORPORATION	
Essential Function	Vital Records and Databases	Form of Record (e.g., hard copy, electronic)	Pre-Positioned or Hand Carried	Storage Location(s)
Asset and property management to avoid monetary impact to tenants	Database of Property's	Electronic (PDF's and spreadsheets)	Pre-Positioned	677 Queen Street, Suite 300

11.0 SYSTEM AND EQUIPMENT

A system or equipment is vital if it is essential to emergency operations and/or to the department's/agency's/office's continuance of essential functions during a crisis for a minimum of thirty days. COOP planning for vital systems and equipment proceeds in the same way as planning for vital records, (i.e., to the greatest extent possible, back-up electronic systems, preposition duplicate systems and equipment at a separate facility, and update vital systems and equipment on a regular basis.)

Table 9 identifies the system and equipment that are essential to the continued function of the department/agency/office and its mission, as well as:

- Current status of the system and equipment (stand-alone or stored on the network)
- Whether the system and equipment is pre-positioned at the continuity facility
- Whether the system and equipment will be hand carried to the continuity facility
- The specific current location of the system and equipment

Note: Table 10, Critical Vendors, is for capturing all vendor information related to systems and equipment.

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	SYSTEM AND EQUIPMENT NATURAL ENERGY LABORATORY OF HAWAII (BIG ISLAND)	SYSTEM AND EQUIPMENT GY LABORATORY OF HAWAI	(BIG ISLAND)	
Essential Function	System and Equipment	Type of System and Equipment	Pre-Positioned or Hand Carried	Storage Location(s)
Natural Energy Laboratory of Hawaii Authority (Big Island) - 24/7 sea distribution center	Diesel electric generators for backup	Generators	Hand carry	Laboratory
	Spare pump for each type of pump in operation	Pumps	Hand carry	Laboratory
	Backup supplies	Miscellaneous supplies	Hand carry	Laboratory
	Cranes, forklifts, trucks	Heavy equipment	Hand carry	Laboratory
	SYSTEM AN	SYSTEM AND EQUIPMENT		
	FOREIC	FOREIGN TRADE		
Essential Function	System and Equipment	Type of System and Equipment	Pre-Positioned or Hand Carried	Storage Location(s)
Security of Foreign Trade Zone warehouse	Security Doors/Fencing – Cameras/Computer Systems	Doors/Fencing	Hand Carry	Foreign-Trade Zone
Public access to stored cargo/leased office space for clients	Security Doors/Fencing	Doors/Fencing/ Locks	Hand Carry	Foreign-Trade Zone
Cargo physically moving in and out of foreign trade zone	Inventory Management Systems	Information processing system	Hand carry or Pre-Positioned	DBEDT-IT
	SYSTEM AND EQUIPMENT HAWAII HOUSING, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	SYSTEM AND EQUIPMENT, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT	CORPORATION	
Essential Function	System and Equipment	Type of System and Equipment	Pre-Positioned or Hand Carried	Storage Location(s)
Asset and property management to avoid monetary impact to tenants	Accounting System	Application	Pre-Positioned	677 Queen Street, Suite 300

12.0 CRITICAL VENDORS

Each essential function and its supporting dependencies, processes, and services that are necessary to assure continuance may have critical vendors.

In Table 10 are the critical vendors in support of this department/agency/office.

	l) AT&	CRITICAL VENDORS STATE ENERGY OFFICE	
Essential Function	Vendor (Name & Address)	Contact Information (Point of Contact Phone & Email)	Services Provided
State Energy Office - Energy Shortage/Disruption Management functions	Computer Power Specialists, 94-344 Ukee St., Waipahu 96797		Data Recovery Specialists
	Pro Text, Inc., Bethesda, MD 20815		Disaster Recovery Supplies & Services
	McClean's Air Purification Specialists, LLC,		Fire/Water Damage Restoration
	Magic Care		Fire/Water Damage Restoration
	CI NATURAL ENERGY L	CRITICAL VENDORS ENERGY LABORATORY OF HAWAII (BIG ISLAND)	AND)
Essential Function	Vendor (Name & Address)	Contact Information (Point of Contact Phone & Email)	Services Provided
Natural Energy Laboratory of Hawaii Authority (Big Island) - 24/7 seawater distribution center	HELCO Susan Garrod, 74-5519 Kaiwi St. Kailua-Kona, HI 96740		Electricity

	5	CRITICAL VENDORS FOREIGN TRADE	
Essential Function	Vendor (Name & Address)	Contact Information (Point of Contact Phone & Email)	Services Provided
Security of Foreign Trade Zone warehouse	Star Security 3375 Koapaka St. B217 Honolulu, HI 86819		Security
Public access to stored cargo/leased office space for clients	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cargo physically moving in and out of foreign trade zone	Compu trust 1314 South King Street Honolulu HI 96814		Inventory Management System
	CI HAWAII HOUSING, FINA	CRITICAL VENDORS HAWAII HOUSING, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	RATION
Essential Function	Vendor (Name & Address)	Contact Information (Point of Contact Phone & Email)	Services Provided
Asset and property management to avoid monetary impact to tenants	See the accompanying Excel spreadsheet entitled "HHFDC Inventory as of 4/26/2012".	spreadsheet entitled "HHFDC	External property management and day- to-day operations and maintenance

13.0 CONTINUITY FACILITIES

Emergencies or potential emergencies, whether anticipated or unanticipated, may affect the ability to perform mission-essential functions from the primary locations.

The identification and preparation of facilities that can be used to accomplish essential functions if the department's/agency's/office's primary facilities become unusable is critical. In selecting a continuity facility, it is essential to have a thorough understanding of the department's/agency's/office's mission, essential functions, concept for deployment and operations at a continuity facility, communications connectivity requirements, and resources allotted. These factors can vary widely from one department/agency/office to another. An acceptable facility for one department/agency/office might be provided in a borrowed conference room for use by a few key people on a temporary basis. A more complex department/agency/office might require a complete turn-key facility able to house the entire department/agency/office for an extended period.

13.1 Continuity Facilities – Logistics

Transportation, Lodging, and Food

In the event that the department/agency/office has to move to a continuity facility, the needs of staff operating at the facility must be met. This includes provision for logistical support and lodging through arrangement with vendors for transportation, hotels, catering, etc.

Security and Access

Not only does the continuity work site need to be identified and the care of staff arranged, but the security of and access to both the primary and continuity facilities during emergency and non-emergency situations also need to be arranged. The security procedures should accommodate all hazards and include provisions for identifying access restrictions.

13.2 Continuity Facilities and Work Sites

The continuity facility and work site allows the department's/agency's/office's key personnel to perform essential functions when an emergency renders the primary facility unusable.

Provide directions to the continuity facilities and work sites for COOP as well as layouts if possible. Where feasible, layouts could include room assignments, equipment location, etc.

13.3 Continuity Facilities Information

Table 11 lists the requirements for each essential function at the continuity facility and work site. In addition, the following information is also provided:

- Essential functions to be performed at each continuity facility and work site
- Number of employees needed at the continuity facility
- Logistical support requirements
- Resource and infrastructure requirements

13.4 Continuity Facilities and Work Sites Layout

As applicable, insert directions to, and images of, continuity facilities and work sites.

0,	CONTINUITY FACILITY STATE ENERGY OFFICE	CILITY OFFICE	
Continuity Facility (Name & Address)	Number of Employees Required	Logistical Supports Required	Resources and Infrastructure Required
Primary Facilities: Leiopapa a Kamehameha Bldg. (State Office Tower) 235 S. Beretania Street, 5 th Floor. & No. 1 Capitol District Bldg. (Hemeter Bldg.) 250 S. Hotel Street, 5 th Floor Alternate Continuity Facility: DAGS- Kalanimoku Bldg., 1151 Punchbowl St. Departmental Operating Center for select State Emergency Response Teams (SERT), including Emergency Support Function #12 (Energy)	Up to 8 ESF #12 SERT staff activated will work 8 to 12 hour rotational shifts within the Kalanimoku Building. It is not intended for the SERT staff working rotational shifts to require accommodations for prolonged stays within the Kalanimoku Building.	Primary Facilities: Access to emergency backup electrical power and IT/telecommunications to enable 24 hours-a-day, 7 days-a-week operations. Plz. Note: DAGS has identified SOT 5 th Fl. as "critical government operations" that shall be given priority in the damage assessment process to restore normal operations as soon as possible. Continuity Facility (Kalanimoku Bldg.) Minimum requirements for building operations to include: flood mitigation measures for continuous operation of the DAGS-ICSD computer room / building emergency generator for backup power provisions / building air-conditioning (A/C) system equipment; electrical power for continuous operation of designated equipment, rooms, etc within Kalanimoku; provisions for telecommunication connectivity between designated areas within Kalanimoku and the SCD EC at Diamond Hand	Continuity Facility: Minimum requirements for all SERT staff working within Kalanimoku Bldg_include: a "safe indoor working environment" that has adequate ventilation throughout and lighting for designated access corridors and exit stairwells; operable restrooms (at least one each for males and females); task lighting / electrical power to operate a laptop computer / data jack for each SERT staff working within the selected conference rooms and other designated areas (based on 50 gross square feet of working space per person); electrical power to operate 1-printer for every 10-SERT staff (minimum). Desirable requirements: electrical power to operate 1-copy machine and 1-FAX machine on the mauka (mountain) side of the building; A/C system for selected conference rooms, other designated areas, and/or designated access corridors; tack boards / marker boards / but a selected access corridors.
			Number of Employees Required Up to 8 ESF #12 SERT staff activated will work 8 to12 hour rotational shifts within the Kalanimoku Building. It is not intended for the SERT staff working rotational shifts to require accommodations for prolonged stays within the Kalanimoku Building.

		CONTINUITY FACILITY STATE ENERGY OFFICE	CILITY OFFICE	
Essential Function	Continuity Facility (Name & Address)	Number of Employees Required	Logistical Supports Required	Resources and Infrastructure Required
			Desirable requirements provided by DAGS: operable shower stall(s); a microwave oven; and a refrigerator for up to 72 hours of "prolonged stay" within the Kalanimoku Building, 1-operable elevator cab on the mauka (mountain) side of the building that can be used to access the 3 rd and 4 th Floors; and provisions for additional backup electrical power from the ~100kW photovoltaic (PV) system installed on the Kalanimoku Building roof (as needed to facilitate "prolonged operating hours" for the building emergency generator.	used for posting up information; break room(s) with microwave oven / refrigerator for use by SERT staff (4 to 6 people, minimum); and shower stall(s).
	NATURAL ENERG	CONTINUITY FACILITY	CONTINUITY FACILITY ENERGY LABORATORY OF HAWAII (BIG ISLAND)	
Essential Function	Continuity Facility (Name & Address)	Number of Employees Required	Logistical Supports Required	Resources and Infrastructure Required
24/7 sea distribution center	Gateway Distributed Energy Center Industrial Area in Kona	10-12	PC Internet Email Phone Office equipment	Desk for eachChairs for each

	5	CONTINUITY FACILITY FOREIGN TRADE	FACILITY FRADE	
Essential Function	Continuity Facility (Name & Address)	Number of Employees Required	Logistical Supports Required	Resources and Infrastructure Required
Security of Foreign Trade Zone warehouse	Could operate out of another facility however merchandise and cargo is stored on water front as is materials for clients and office space.	2	 PC/Servers Internet Phone Email Office Equipment 	 Desk & Chairs Electricity Internet access Network access
Public access to stored cargo/leased office space for clients	Could operate out of another facility however merchandise and cargo is stored on water front as is materials for clients and office space.		 PC/Servers Internet Phone Email Office Equipment 	 Desk & Chairs Electricity Internet access Network access
Cargo physically moving in and out of foreign trade zone	Could operate out of another facility however merchandise and cargo is stored on water front as is materials for clients and office space.	3	PC/ServersSecurity SystemAccess to roads	 Desk & Chair Electricity Internet/Network access Roads, vehicles, gasoline Fork-lifts
	C HAWAII HOUSING, FII	CONTINUITY FACILITY INANCE & DEVELOPIN	CONTINUITY FACILITY HAWAII HOUSING, FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	
Essential Function	Continuity Facility (Name & Address)	Number of Employees Required	Logistical Supports Required	Resources and Infrastructure Required
Asset and property management to avoid monetary impact to tenants	(Potential to utilize a cloud-based system with the potential to work from home.)	2	Cell phone Email access Internet access	None

14.0 INTEROPERABLE COMMUNICATIONS

The communications component of a COOP Plan requires well-defined chains of communication with alternative means of communicating should the primary radio communications and/or telecommunications systems (i.e., telephones, faxes, Internet) not be functioning.

Departments/agencies/offices strive to maintain communications capabilities commensurate with the department's/agency's/office's essential functions at all times. The COOP Plan facilitates communication between the department's/agency's/office's Point of Contact/COOP Program Management Team, management, and department/agency/office staff and provides for communication with other departments/agencies/offices, as well as emergency personnel. The plan also provides a means for notifying the community of the department/agency/office relocation and procedures for contacting the department/agency/office and conduction of business in an emergency.

Interoperable communications provide the following:

- Communications capability that adequately supports the department's/agency's/office's essential functions and activities
- Ability to communicate with COOP contingency staff, management, and other organizational components
- Ability to communicate with other departments/agencies/offices and with emergency personnel
- Access to other data and systems necessary to conduct essential activities and functions

Table 12 lists:

- The current service's provider along with the representative's name and contact information
- An alternate service provider if primary source becomes unavailable
- Alternate methods or modes of communication if primary and alternate sources are unavailable

Table 12 Interoperable Communications

	INTEROPE	INTEROPERABLE COMMUNICATIONS	SNO	
Communication System Needed in Continuity Facilities	Current Provider	Alternative Provider	Alternative Mode 1	Alternative Mode 2
Land line	Hawaiian Telcom		Work and Personal Cell phones	Lotus Notes Email Gmail Text messages
Cell phone	Verizon – Steve Schutte Steven Schutte Government Account	AT&T, T-Mobile	Government Emergency Telecommunications Service (GETS) & Wireless Priority Service (WPS) - SEO	Lotus Notes Email Gmail Text messages Skype
Internet / websites	DBEDT SOH – ICSD		Instant Messaging - Gmail	Virtual Joint Planning Office (VJPO) (SEO Only) ISERNet (U.S. DOE Secure Portal) (SEO Only) EMOPS (Pacific Disaster Center protected site) (SEO)
Local Area Network	DBEDT-ASO/IT		Local hard drives and portable external drives	
Email	Office Outlook		Gmail Personal email	Text messages
VHF and hand held radios	SCD Cache Tom Koontz Hawaii Statewide Interoperability Coordinator		Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service (RACES) State and Oahu	

Communication System Needed in Continuity Facilities Satellite phone	Current Provider Iridium 9555 Prepaid cards (SEO) World Communication	INTEROPERABLE COMMUNICATIONS ovider Alternative Provider paid cards N//A cation	Alternative Mode 1	Alternative Mode 2

Note: Notifications to the community pertaining to the emergency situation and/or each department/agency/office during an emergency will be conducted via the appropriate medium, (e.g., PIO) announcements and/or when instructed, answering machine message at the department/agency/office level).

15.0 MAINTAINING COOP READINESS

Major components of the maintenance program are the training of all key personnel in the performance of their COOP responsibilities; the conducting of periodic exercises to test and improve COOP Plans and procedures, systems, and equipment; and the institution of a multi-year process to ensure that the plan continues to be updated in response to changing conditions.

15.1 Training Plan

All personnel who will be involved in COOP activities will be trained and equipped to perform their emergency duties. Consideration will be given to "cross-training" team members to ensure that the team is prepared to deal with the unusual demands that may arise when emergency conditions must be faced by a reduced staff. COOP training will include the following:

- Individual and team training of COOP Team members and emergency personnel
 to ensure currency of knowledge and integration of skills necessary to implement
 the COOP Plan and carry out essential functions; team training will be conducted
 at least annually to ensure that COOP Team members are current on their
 respective COOP responsibilities
- Refresher orientation for the COOP Team as it arrives at a continuity operating facility; the orientation will cover the support and services available at the facility, including communications and information systems, and administrative matters, including supervision, security, and personnel policies
- Training courses and materials designed to improve knowledge and skills related to carrying out COOP responsibilities

15.2 Testing and Exercising the Plan

Testing and exercising of COOP capabilities are essential to demonstrate and improve the ability of the department/agency/office to execute its COOP Plan. They serve to validate, or identify for subsequent correction, specific aspects of COOP Plans, policies, procedures, systems, and facilities.

Scope of Exercises

An effective program will include a variety of exercise types, including tabletops, drills, and full-scale exercises. Full-scale exercises will simulate actual emergency conditions, and exercises may include the phase-down of continuity facility operations and return to normal operations. Following an exercise, a comprehensive debriefing and after-action report will be completed.

The State will conduct COOP awareness campaigns and seminars throughout the fiscal year. The State, this department/agency/office acting as the facilitator, will also conduct the following exercises:

- Year 1: Discussion
- Year 2: Tabletop
- Year 3: Drills
- Year 4: Functional
- Year 5: Full Scale

Each annual exercise will build upon the previous year's exercise, resulting in a full-scale exercise. This full-scale exercise will occur every fifth (5th) year.

This department/agency/office will facilitate the After Action Report (AAR) meeting. This meeting will be conducted within 30 days of an exercise or full-scale COOP activation. Within 60 days of conducting the meeting, this department/agency/office will publish the AAR.

For department/agency/office COOP activations, the department/agency/office affected will be responsible for conducting the AAR meeting and publishing the AAR within the allotted timeframe.

Exercise Schedule

Testing and exercise plans for COOP will include:

- Internal testing/exercising of COOP Plans and procedures
 - 1. As changes occur
 - 2. Upon implementation of the department/agency/office COOP Plan, with after actions and lessons learned,
 - 3. At least annually to ensure the ability to perform essential functions and operate from designated continuity facilities and work sites
- Testing of alert and notification procedures and systems for any type of emergency at least quarterly
- Joint department/agency/office exercising of COOP Plans, where applicable and feasible

15.3 Multi-Year Strategy and Program Management Plan

It is effective to maintain COOP capabilities using a multi-year strategy and program management plan. Such a management plan outlines the process(es) to be followed in designating essential functions and resources, defines short and long-term COOP goals and objectives, forecasts budgetary requirements, anticipates and addresses issues and potential obstacles, and establishes planning milestones.

15.4 COOP Plan Maintenance

The plan will be reviewed and updated at least annually, or whenever necessary, to reflect changes in the department/agency/office, essential functions, procedures, or contact information. Changes to the plan will be noted in the Revision Record provided in the Foreword. The COOP Program Management Team (Table 1) is responsible for ensuring that the plan is reviewed and updated.

The COOP Program Management Team is also responsible for the following:

- Addressing and resolving COOP Plan policy issues
- Advising the department/agency/office head on COOP-related matters
- Coordinating among related plans
- Conducting training, testing, and exercises
- Updating plans annually to incorporate lessons learned from testing and exercises as well as any actual events that occurred during the year

APPENDIX A: COOP TEST, TRAINING AND EXERCISE (TT&E) EVENT CHECKLIST

State of Hawaii Continuity of Operations Plan

Event Development and F Develop documentation/materials required to support event in accordance with approved schedule: Concept & Objectives Paper Evaluation Plan Salides Participant Observation Form/Critique Form Handouts/Participant Packets Facilitator Books Add other documents/materials as required based on nature of event. Coordinate with guest speakers and presenters, if applicable Provide copy of approved agenda Advise them of their allocated briefing/presentation timeframe Request copies of their materials for inclusion in briefing sildes and participant packet and indicate suspense date for these Request list of their equipment/supply requirements and indicate suspense date for these Provide lodging/billeting information, if applicable Provide lodging/billeting information, if applicable Obtain speaker biography for introduction at the event Confirm space and dates with training location point of contact (POC) Confirm space and dates with training location point of contact (POC) Forward all updates to other applicable POCs for administration, event site, transportation, security, and IT/communications, as applicable Create list of individuals requiring lodging/billeting Complete and submit travel authorizations, if applicable Complete and submit travel authorizations, if applicable	Z	Activity/Task	Lead POC(s)	Status/Remarks	Date Completed
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No.	Activity/Task	Lead POC(s)	Status/Remarks	Date Completed or N/A
	Administration (Cont'd)	n (Cont'd)		
4.	Make travel arrangements as necessary			
5.	Distribute read-ahead materials to rostered attendees according to approved concept and/or schedule. Include any site-specific information as necessary			
9.	Prepare/obtain nametags and name tents, if applicable, for rostered attendees (Prepare extra nametags and tents to have on hand)			
7.	Identify and notify individual(s) to staff the administration desk/sign-in table at the beginning of each day of the event			
	 Provide individual(s) with phone numbers of training site POCs (e.g., billeting/lodging, security, transportation, and IT/communications) 			
œ	Prepare and pre-position sign-in sheet/ attendance roster for each day of the event			
	 Provide copy of the completed sign-in sheet to the individuals preparing the after-action report 			
	 Provide copy of the completed sign-in sheet to the building POC if applicable 			
ဝ်	Identify individuals to serve as recorders (i.e., note takers) during the event			
10.	Determine requirements for escorts/guides and designate personnel, as applicable			
17.	Prepare appropriate number of copies of event materials and distribute these at event			
12.	Distribute participant packets/handouts on first day of event			
13.	Collect Participant Observation Forms/critique forms at the end of the event			
	 Provide box or container for collection purposes Provide copy of the completed forms to the individuals preparing the after-action report 			
14.	Collect notes/comments from recorders at the end of the event; Forward these to the individual(s) preparing the after-action report			

No.	Activity/Task	Lead POC(s)	Status/Remarks	Completed or N/A
	Site Logistics	stics		
.	Coordinate with building POC at event site/visit site before event Determine existing equipment and resources			
	 Identify any additional equipment and resources that will be required. Provide list of requirements and supplies to building POC 			
	 Determine best room layout/arrangement based on agenda and number of attendees 			
	 Determine if location is accessible to participants with disabilities if applicable 			
2.	Coordinate with cafeteria/food service POC at the training site, if applicable			
က်	Coordinate with billeting/lodging POC at event site Forward copy of updated attendee lists as received			
	 Obtain information (e.g., cost and location) on alternative lodging options if necessary 			
	Transportation	tation		
-	Determine if transportation to training site is required. If so:			
	Identify any special access transportation needs			
	 Forward requirements to site transportation POC 			
	Devise transportation schedule (i.e., marshalling point, departure time from marshalling point, return schedule) in coordination with			
2	Determine if on-site transportation is required. If ves:			
	 Determine when transportation will be required and number of 			
	personnel to be transported			
	Identify any special access transportation needs			
	I no waid lequirements to site transportation POC			

N O	Activity/Task	Lead POC(s)	Status/Remarks	Date Completed or N/A
	Information Technology/Communications	//Communications		
-	Coordinate with IT/communications POC at event site. • Provide list of IT/communications requirements based on event			
	 agenda and attendee list Request IT/communications specialist(s) to be available throughout the day to provide assistance as needed 			
2	Designate individual with responsibility for ensuring that IT and			
	communications equipment is set up and operational on day of event Advise individual of time to arrive on site			
	Provide individual with phone number of IT/communications POC at event site			
	Security	ty		
<u> </u>	Coordinate with site security POC			
	 Advise of classification level and location (e.g., building and room) 			
	Provide any attendee information needed by security staff			
	Determine special security concerns associated with event (e.g.,			
	special passes or badges, classified computer, classified material, etc.)			
7	Identify individual who will courier classified event materials to the			
က်	Ensure appropriate measures are in place during event to protect			
1	classified and "For Official Use Only" (FOUO) information			
	and distribute to staff members who will participate in conduct of			
	Coordinate storage for placeitied materials for everyight or			
	temporary storage			
	 Perform security check of room(s) at conclusion of each day of event 			

APPENDIX B: COOP DRIVE AWAY KITS

Drive-away kits are packages of records, information, communication, and computer equipment and other items or material related to an emergency operation to be used by those deployed to continuity facilities. A drive-away kit should be prepared and maintained in up-to-date condition for each member of the COOP team for response to any incident. The kit should contain those items essential to supporting the team member's operations at the continuity site. Each kit may be unique, but most should include items such as COOP checklists, key contact lists, electronic storage media, and files specific to the member's position, specialized tools, and maps to the continuity facility.

Consideration should be given to the possibility that an employee may not be able to access the drive-away kit at the time of an emergency. For example, an employee might be away from the department/agency/office at the time an event rendered it unusable and, thus, unable to return to retrieve the drive-away kit. It is prudent to take action to address such situations before an emergency occurs, such as storing drive-away kits in the employee's home or car, or prepositioning important resources at the continuity facility.

The following are examples of items that may be included in Drive-Away kit:

- Department/agency/office COOP Plan;
- Identification and Charge Cards:
 - DHS ID Card:
 - FEMA ID Card;
 - Driver's License;
 - Government Travel Card:
 - o Health Insurance Card; and/or
 - Personal Charge Card.
- Communication Equipment:
 - Pager/BlackBerry;
 - Government Cell Phone:
 - Personal Cell Phone:
 - Government Phone Card;
 - GETS Card; and/or
 - Personal Long-Distance Phone Card.
- Medical Needs:
 - Insurance Information;
 - List of Allergies/Blood Type;
 - Hearing Aids and Extra Batteries;
 - Glasses and Contact Lenses;
 - Extra Pair of Glasses/Contact Lenses;
 - Prescription Drugs:
 - Over-the-Counter Medications; and/or
 - o Dietary Supplements, etc.
- Postage Stamps and Personal Stationary;
- Cash for Miscellaneous Expenses (including coins for vending machines);

- Toiletries:
 - o Toothbrush, Toothpaste, Dental Floss;
 - Bath Soap;
 - Shampoo;
 - Hair Dryer, Curling Iron;
 - o Electric Razor or Razor and Shaving Cream;
 - Nail Clippers and File;
 - Deodorant or Antiperspirant; and/or
 - Personal Hygiene Products.
- Personal Contact Numbers;
- Emergency Phone Numbers and Addresses (for relatives, medical doctor, and pharmacist);
- Clothing (consider potential for extreme weather conditions at the ERS):
 - Business Casual Work Attire (4–5 days worth);
 - Leisure Clothes (workout clothing, etc.);
 - Underwear and Socks, Sleepwear, Robe, Slippers;
 - Light-Weight and Medium-Weight Sweater or Jacket;
 - Seasonal Outerwear; and/or
 - o Comfortable Shoes.
- Recreation/Entertainment (reading materials, playing cards, puzzles, games);
- Small Portable Battery-Operated Radio/CD Player/Alarm Clock;
- Flashlight and Extra Batteries; and
- Bottled Water and Non-Perishable Food (e.g., granola, dried fruit, etc.).

APPENDIX C: GLOSSARY OF TERMS/ACRONYMS

Advance Team: A working group responsible for coordinating the activities associated with relocation planning and deployment of essential operations and positions during a COOP event.

After-Action Report: A narrative report that presents issues found during an exercise or an incident and recommendations on how those issues can be resolved.

Alternate Communications: Communication methods that provide the capability to perform minimum essential department or office functions until normal operations can be resumed.

Alternate Database/Records Access: The duplication and/or backup of vital resources and records, and the ability to access such resources and records in the event that the COOP Plan is put into effect.

Alternate Facilities/Work Site: A location, other than the normal facility, used to conduct critical functions and/or process data in the event that the primary facility is inaccessible to damaged. The alternate site provides the capability to perform minimum essential department or office functions until normal operations can be resumed.

Application Recovery: The component of IT Disaster Recovery which deals specifically with the restoration of business system software and data, after the processing platform has been restored or replaced.

Assessment: The act of assessing, appraisal.

Backup: The practice of copying information, regardless of the media (paper, microfilm, audio or video tape, computer disks, etc.) to provide a duplicate copy.

Business Continuity Plan: Process of developing advance arrangements and procedures that enable an organization to respond to an event is such a manner that critical business functions continue with planned levels of interruption or essential change.

Business Impact Analysis: An evaluation of the strengths and weaknesses of an agency's disaster preparedness and the impact an interruption would have on agency business. This is a management level analysis by which an organization assesses the quantitative (financial) and qualitative (non-financial) impact and loss.

Business IT Recovery Process: The common critical path that all companies follow during a recovery effort. There are major nodes along the path, which are followed regardless of the organization. The process has seven stages:

- 1. Immediate response
- 2. Environmental restoration
- 3. Functional restoration
- 4. Data synchronization
- 5. Restore business functions
- 6. Interim site
- 7. Return home

Call Tree: Cascading list of key agency personnel and outside emergency personnel in order of notification.

Chain of Communication: A list of names of agency personnel in the order that they will be notified in the event of an emergency; persons on the list may be responsible for communicating information to their subordinates in the agency and to those lower on the list.

Cold Site: A relocation site that is reserved for emergency use, but which requires the installation of equipment, etc., before it can support operation.

Communications: Voice, video, and data capabilities that enable the leadership and staff to conduct the mission essential functions (MEF) of the organization.

Continuity Coordinators: These are the senior representatives tasked with coordinating the organizations continuity program.

Continuity Guidance Circular: The guidance document provides direction to non-federal entities for developing continuity plans and programs.

Continuity of Government: The effort to ensure continued leadership, authorities, direction and control, and preservation of records, thereby maintaining a viable system of government.

Continuity of Operations: An internal effort within individual components of the government to assure that capability exists to continue essential component function across a wide range of potential emergencies through a planning document.

Continuity of Operations Event: Any event that causes an agency to relocate its operations to an alternate or other continuity site to assure continuance of its essential functions.

Continuity of Operations Plan: A COOP provides guidance on the system restoration for emergencies, disasters, mobilization, and for maintaining a state of readiness to provide the necessary level of information processing support commensurate with the mission requirements/ priorities identified by the respective functional proponent.

Planning document which outlines *how* essential agency functions will continue across a wide range of potential emergencies.

Continuity Program Management Cycle: An ongoing, cyclical model of planning, training, evaluating and implementing corrective actions for continuity capabilities.

COOP Plan Maintenance: Steps taken to ensure the COOP Plan is reviewed annually and updated whenever major changes occur.

Cooperative Agreement: Any formal, legally binding contract between two or more parties whereby the parties to that agreement agree to either share an alternate facility.

Coordinate: To advance systematically an exchange of information among principals who have or may have a need to know certain information in order to carry out their role in a response.

Corrective Action Program: A web-based application that allows Federal, State, territorial, tribal and local emergency response and homeland security officials to track and analyze improvements in their continuity plans and programs.

Critical Infrastructure Protection: Risk management actions intended to prevent a threat or threat agent from attempting to, or succeeding at, destroying or incapacitating critical infrastructures.

Critical Processes & Services: Activities, which could not be interrupted or unavailable without significantly jeopardizing operations of the organization.

Delegation of Authority: Pre-delegated authorities for making policy determinations and decisions at headquarters, field levels and other organizational locations, as appropriate.

Department of Homeland Security: The Cabinet department of the United Stated federal government with the primary responsibilities of protecting the territory of the U.S. from terrorist attacks and responding to natural disasters.

Devolution: The capability to transfer statutory authority and responsibility for essential functions from an organization's primary operating staff and facilities to other organization employees and facilities, and to sustain that operational capability for an extended period.

Disaster Mortuary Operational Response Team: A Disaster Mortuary Operational Response
Team or DMORT is a team of experts in the fields
of victim identification and mortuary services.
DMORTs are activated in response to large scale
disasters to assist in the identification of deceased
individuals and storage of the bodies pending the
bodies being claimed.

Disaster Recovery: Activities and programs designed to return the entity to an acceptable condition. The ability to respond to an interruption in services by implementing a disaster recovery plan to restore an organization's critical business functions.

Drive-away Kit: A kit prepared by, and for, an individual who expects to deploy to an alternate location during an emergency. The kit contains items needed to minimally satisfy an individual's personal and professional needs during deployment.

Emergency: A sudden, usually unexpected event that does or could do harm to people, resources, property or the environment. Emergencies can range from localized events that affect a single office in a building, to human, natural or technological events that damage, or threaten to damage local operations. An emergency could cause the temporary evacuation of personnel and equipment from the site to a new operating location environment.

Emergency Operating Records: Records (plans and directives, orders of succession and delegation of authority) essential to the continued functioning of an agency during and after an emergency to ensure continuity of operations.

Emergency Operations Center: The site from which government officials (municipal, county, State and Federal) exercise direction and control in an emergency.

Emergency Operations Plan: A plan that provides facility-wide procedures for emergency situations that generally includes personnel safety and evacuation procedures.

Emergency Relocation Group: Pre-designated staff who move to a relocation site to continue essential functions in the event that their normal work locations are threatened or have been incapacitated by an incident. The ERG is composed of an advance team plus emergency personnel.

ERG Member: A person who has been assigned responsibility to report to an alternate site, as required, to perform organizational essential functions or other tasks related to continuity of operations.

Essential Functions: Those functions that enable State agencies to provide vital services, exercise civil authority, maintain the safety and well being of the citizens, sustain the industrial/economic base in an emergency.

Essential Positions or Personnel: Those positions required to be filled by the local government of deemed essential by the State or individuals whose absence would jeopardize the continuation of an organization's essential functions.

Essential Resources: Resources the support the organization's ability to provide vital services, exercise civil authority, maintain the safety and well-being of the general public, and sustain industrial and economic bases during an emergency.

Evacuation: Organized, phased, and supervised dispersal of civilians from dangerous or potentially dangerous areas, and their reception and care in safe areas.

Facilities: Locations where an organization's leadership and staff operate. Facilities should be able to provide staff with survivable protection and should enable continued and endurable operations.

Federal Continuity Directive: A document developed and promulgated by Department of Homeland Security which directs Federal executive branch departments and agencies to carry out identified continuity planning requirements and assessment criteria.

Federal Emergency Management Agency: An agency of the U.S. Department of Homeland Security to coordinate the response to a disaster that has occurred in the United States and that overwhelms the resources of local and state authorities.

First Responder: Police, fire and rescue, and emergency medical personnel who first arrive on the scene of an incident and take action to save lives, protect property, and meet basic human

needs.

For Official Use Only: A document designation used by Department of Defense and a number of other federal agencies to identify information or material which, although unclassified, may not be appropriate for public release.

Government Emergency Telecommunications Service: Supports Federal, State, local, and tribal government, industry, and non-governmental organization (NGO) personnel in performing their National Security and Emergency Preparedness missions. GETS provides emergency access and priority processing in the local and long distance segments of the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN). It is intended to be used in an emergency or crisis situation when the PSTN is congested and the probability of completing a call over normal or other alternate telecommunication means has significantly decreased.

Homeland Security Advisory System: A series of tools used by DHS that provide the public with guidance on the status of the Nation's homeland security. The system combines threat information with vulnerability assessments, and communicates this information to public safety officials and the public.

Hot Site: A fully equipped facility, which includes stand-by computer equipment, environmental systems, communications capabilities, and other equipment necessary to fully support an organization's immediate work and data processing requirements in the event of an emergency or a disaster.

Improvement Plan: A cycle of events that incorporates evaluations, AAR's and lessons learned into the development and implementation of an IP.

Incident Action Plan: Formally documents incident goals, operational period objectives, and the response strategy defined by Incident Command during response planning. It contains general tactics to achieve goals and objectives within the overall strategy, while providing important information on event and response parameters.

Incident Command System: A standardized, onscene, all-hazards incident management approach that:

- Allows for the integration of facilities, equipment, personnel, procedures, and communications operating within a common organizational structure.
- Enables a coordinated response among various jurisdictions and functional agencies, both public and private.

• Establishes common processes for planning and managing resources.

Interagency agreements: A written agreement entered into between agencies that require specific goods or services to be furnished or tasks to be accomplished by one agency in support of the other.

Interoperability: The ability of a system or a product to work with other systems or products without special effort on the part of the user.

IT Disaster Recovery Plan: Plan that provides recovery and restoration procedures for mission-critical information technology (IT) components/systems that are necessary to perform mission-critical business functions. This plan does not provide contingency planning guidance for business processes. Business processes should be addressed in a business resumption or business continuity plan that is typically developed by non-IT staff.

Legal and Financial Records: Records (personnel records, social security records, payroll records, insurance records, contracts, etc.) essential to the protection of the legal and financial rights of an agency and of the individuals directly affected by the agency's activities.

Mission-critical Data: Information essential to supporting the execution of an organization's essential functions.

Mission Critical Functions: Activities, which could not be interrupted or unavailable without significantly jeopardizing operations of the organization.

Mission Essential Functions: The limited set of organization level functions that should be continued throughout, or resumed rapidly after, a disruption of normal activities.

Multiyear Strategy and Program Management Plan: A process that ensures the maintenance and continued viability of continuity plans.

Non-critical Processes: Business processes or supporting information which could be interrupted or unavailable for a significantly jeopardizing the critical functions of an organization.

Non-vital Records: Records or documents which are important but if irretrievably lost or damaged will not materially impair the organization's ability to conduct business.

Normal Operations: Refers to broad functions undertaken by an organization when it is assigned responsibility for a given functional area; these functions include planning and execution of tasks

throughout the range of operations.

Occupant Emergency Plan: A short-term emergency response program that establishes procedures for safeguarding lives and property.

Occupant Evacuation Plan: Provides facility-level procedures for occupants of a facility in the event of a situation posing a potential threat to the health and safety of personnel, the environment, or property. This plan includes planning for personnel safety and evacuation. This plan is not an IT system functionality based plan and can therefore be implemented separately.

Orders of Succession: A list that specifies by position who will automatically fill a position once it is vacated during an emergency.

Plan: A proposed or intended method of getting from one set of circumstances to another. A plan is often used to move from the present situation towards the achievement of one or more objectives or goals.

Point of Contact: The coordinator of the COOP program and leader of the COOP team, who will implement COOP Plan during an emergency.

Preventative Controls: Measures in place to prevent loss of function of systems and of data critical to an agency's essential functions.

Primary Facility: The site of normal, day-to-day operations.

Program: A group of related initiatives managed in a coordinated way, so as to obtain a level of control and benefits that would not be possible from the individual management of the initiatives. Programs may include elements of related work outside the scope of the discrete initiatives in the program.

Rapid Recall List: Cascading list of key agency personnel and outside emergency personnel in order of notification.

Reconstitution: The process by which surviving and/or replacement personnel resume normal operations from the original or replacement primary operation facility.

Recovery: The implementation of prioritized actions required to return an organization's processes and support functions to operational stability following an interruption or disaster.

Recovery Point Objective: The point in time to which data must be restored in order to resume processing transactions. In an IT context, the amount of data that can be lost measured by a time index.

Recovery Time Objective: The period of time within which systems, applications, or functions must be recovered after an outage.

Relocation Site (Alternate Facility): The site where all or designated employees will report for work if required to move from the primary facility.

Risk Assessment/ Analysis: An evaluation of the probability that certain disruptions will occur and the controls to reduce organization exposure to such risk.

Staff: Those personnel, both senior and core, who provide the leadership, advice, recommendations, and functional support necessary to continue essential operations.

Staging Area: Temporary location for personnel, supplies, and/or equipment to enable positioning of, and accounting for, resources not immediately assigned.

Standard Operating Procedures: Protocol for the conduct of regular operations.

Survivable Communications: The establishment and maintenance of an assured end-to-end communications path during all phases of a nuclear event.

Telecommuting Locations: Those locations equipped with computers and telephones that enable employees to work at home or at a location closer to their home than their main office.

Telework: The ability to work at a location other than the official duty station, using portable computers, high-speed telecommunications links and mobile communications devices.

Test, Training, and Exercise Program: Measures to ensure that an organization's continuity plan is capable of supporting the continued execution of the organization's essential functions throughout the duration of a continuity situation.

Virtual Offices: A location or environment where employees use portable information technologies and communication packages to do their work.

Vital Records and Systems: Records or documents, regardless of media (paper, microfilm, audio or video tape, computer disks, etc.) which, if damaged or destroyed, would disrupt business operations and information flows and cause considerable inconvenience and require placement or re-creation at considerable expense.

Vulnerability Analysis: A process that defines, identifies, and classifies the susceptibility of a facility, computer, network, or communications

infrastructure, to damage or destruction. In addition, a vulnerability analysis can forecast the effectiveness of proposed countermeasures and can evaluate their actual effectiveness after they are implemented.

Warm Site: An alternate processing site which is equipped with some hardware, and communications interfaces, electrical and environmental conditioning which is only capable of providing backup after additional provisioning, software or customization is performed.

Weapons of Mass Destruction: Weapons that are capable of killing a lot of people and/or causing a high-order magnitude of destruction, or weapons that are capable of being used in such a way as to cause mass casualties or create large-scale destruction. WMDs are generally considered to be nuclear, biological, chemical and radiological devices, but WMDs can also be high-explosive devices.

Work-at-home: When employees carry out their work duties at their residence rather than their official duty station.

ACRONYMS

AAR	-	After-Action Report	MEF	-	Mission Essential Functions
AC	-	Alternate Communications	MEI	-	Medical Examiner Investigator
AD/RA	-	Alternate Database/ Records Access	MYSPN	/IP -	Multi-Year Strategy and Program Management Plan
AF/WS	-	Alternate Facilities/ Work Site	NVR	-	Non-Vital Records
AR	-	Application Recovery	OED	-	Office of Economic Development
ARC	-	American Red Cross	OEP	-	Occupant Emergency Plan
ASMT	-	Assessment	OM	-	Office of the Mayor
AT	-	Advance Team	PIO	-	Public Information Officer
BCP	-	Business Continuity Plan	POC	-	Point of Contact
BIA	-	Business Impact Analysis	RA	-	Risk Assessment/ Analysis
BITRP	-	Business IT Recovery Process	RPO	-	Recovery Point Objective
во	-	Budget Office	RRL	-	Rapid Recall List
CC	-	Department of Corporation	RTO	-	Recovery Time Objective
		Counsel	SA	-	Staging Area
CAP	-	Corrective Action Program	SDA	-	State Department of Health
CDBG	-	Community Development Block Grant	SFDA	-	State Funeral Directors Association
CGC	-	Continuity Guidance Circular	SOP	-	Standard Operating Procedures
CHRMS	-	Computerized Human Resources	TT&E	-	Test, Training, and Exercise
CIP	-	Capital Improvement Program			Program
COC	-	Chain of Communication	VRS	-	Vital Records and Systems
COG	-	Continuity of Government	WMD	-	Weapons of Mass Destruction
COO	-	Continuity of Operations			
COOP	-	Continuity of Operations Plan			
СТ	-	Call Tree			
EF 	-	Essential Functions			
EFT	-	Electronic Funds Transfer			
EOC	-	Emergency Operations Center			
EOP	-	Emergency Operations Plan			
EOR	-	Emergency Operating Records			
ERG	-	Emergency Relocation Group			
FCD	-	Federal Continuity Directive			
FEMA	-	Federal Emergency Management Agency			
FOUO	-	For Official Use Only			
GETS	-	Government Emergency Telecommunications Service			
IAP	-	Incident Action Plan			
IAS	-	Integrated Assessment System			
ICS	-	Incident Command System			
IP	-	Improvement Plan			
IT	-	Information Technology Division			
IT DRP	-	IT Disaster Recovery Plan			
JPAC	-	Joint POW / MIA Accounting Command			
MCF	-	Mission Critical Functions			

	HOMELAND SECURITY PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE 20 http://www.homeland.ca.gov/pdf/HSPD-20.pdf	
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan
Policy, (3) AND	It is the policy of the United States to maintain a comprehensive and effective continuity capability composed of Continuity of Operations and Continuity of Government programs in order to ensure the preservation of our form of government under the Constitution and the continuing performance of National Essential Functions under all conditions.	1.6 Planning Responsibilities
Implementation Actions, (4)	Continuity requirements shall be incorporated into daily operations of all executive departments and agencies. Emphasis will be placed upon geographic dispersion of leadership, staff, and infrastructure in order to increase survivability and maintain uninterrupted Government Functions.	
Implementation Actions, (4), (8)	Continuity requirements shall be incorporated into daily operations of all executive departments and agencies. Emphasis will be placed upon geographic dispersion of leadership, staff, and infrastructure in order to increase survivability and maintain uninterrupted Government Functions. A National Continuity Implementation Plan (Plan), which shall include prioritized goals and objectives, a concept of operations, performance metrics by which to measure continuity readiness, procedures for continuity and incident management activities.	2.0 Plan Implementation
Implementation Actions, (4)	Risk management principles shall be applied to ensure that appropriate operational readiness decisions are based on the probability of an attack or other incident and its consequences.	3.0 Risk / Vulnerability Assessment
Definitions, (2), (d)	Continuity of Operations, or COOP, means an effort within individual executive departments and agencies to ensure that Primary Mission-Essential Functions continue to be performed during a wide range of emergencies, including localized acts of nature, accidents, and technological or attack-related emergencies.	
Implementation Actions, (11), (d), (e)	Provision must be made for the acquisition of the resources necessary for continuity operations on an emergency basis. Provision must be made for the availability and redundancy between and amongst key government leadership, internal elements, other executive departments and agencies, critical partners, and the public.	4.0 Human Capital Management

HOMELAND SECURITY PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE 20 (Cont'd) http://www.homeland.ca.gov/pdf/HSPD-20.pdf				
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan		
Definitions, (2), (i) AND Implementation	Government Functions that must be performed in order to support or implement the performance of Essential Functions before, during, and in the aftermath of an emergency.	5.0 Essential Functions		
Actions, (11), (A)	The continuation of the performance of Essential Functions during any emergency must be for a period up to 30 days or until normal operations can be resumed.			
Implementation Actions, (11), (e)	Provision must be made for the availability and redundancy between and amongst key government leadership, internal elements, other executive departments and agencies, critical partners, and the public.	6.0 Key Positions / Personnel		
Implementation Actions, (11), (b)	Succession orders and pre-planned devolution of authorities that ensure the emergency delegation of authority must be planned and documented in advance in accordance with applicable law.	7.0 Orders of Succession		
Implementation Actions, (11), (b)	Succession orders and pre-planned devolution of authorities that ensure the emergency delegation of authority must be planned and documented in advance in accordance with applicable law.	8.0 Delegation of Authority		
Implementation Actions, (11), (b)	Succession orders and pre-planned devolution of authorities that ensure the emergency delegation of authority must be planned and documented in advance in accordance with applicable law.	9.0 Devolution		
Implementation Actions, (11), (c), (d)	Vital resources, facilities, and records must be safeguarded, and official access to them must be provided. Provision must be made for the acquisition of the resources necessary for continuity operations on an emergency basis	10.0, 11.0 and 12.0 Vital Records		
Implementation Actions, (11), (a)	Capability to be fully operational at alternate sites as soon as possible after the occurrence of an emergency, but not later than 12 hours after COOP activation.	13.0 Continuity Facility		
Implementation Actions, (11), (e)	Provision must be made for the availability and redundancy of critical communications capabilities at alternate sites in order to support connectivity between and among key government leadership, internal elements, other executive departments and agencies, critical partners, and the public.	14.0 Interoperable Communications		
Implementation Actions, (11), (g)	Provision must be made for the identification, training, and preparedness of personnel capable of relocating to alternate facilities to support the continuation of the performance of Essential Functions.	15.0 Maintaining COOP Readiness		

	HOMELAND SECURITY PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE 51 http://www.fas.org/irp/offdocs/nspd/nspd-51.htm	1
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan
Policy, (3) AND	It is the policy of the United States to maintain a comprehensive and effective continuity capability composed of Continuity of Operations and Continuity of Government programs in order to ensure the preservation of our form of government under the Constitution and the continuing performance of National Essential Functions under all conditions.	1.6 Planning Responsibilities
Implementation Actions, (4)	Continuity requirements shall be incorporated into daily operations of all executive departments and agencies. Emphasis will be placed upon geographic dispersion of leadership, staff, and infrastructure in order to increase survivability and maintain uninterrupted Government Functions.	
Implementation Actions, (4), (8)	Continuity requirements shall be incorporated into daily operations of all executive departments and agencies. Emphasis will be placed upon geographic dispersion of leadership, staff, and infrastructure in order to increase survivability and maintain uninterrupted Government Functions.	2.0 Plan Implementation
	A National Continuity Implementation Plan (Plan), which shall include prioritized goals and objectives, a concept of operations, performance metrics by which to measure continuity readiness, procedures for continuity and incident management activities.	
Implementation Actions, (4)	Risk management principles shall be applied to ensure that appropriate operational readiness decisions are based on the probability of an attack or other incident and its consequences.	3.0 Risk / Vulnerability Assessment
Definitions, (2), (d)	Continuity of Operations, or COOP, means an effort within individual executive departments and agencies to ensure that Primary Mission-Essential Functions continue to be performed during a wide range of emergencies, including localized acts of nature, accidents, and technological or attack-related emergencies.	
Implementation Actions, (11), (d), (e)	Provision must be made for the acquisition of the resources necessary for continuity operations on an emergency basis.	4.0 Human Capital Management
	Provision must be made for the availability and redundancy between and amongst key government leadership, internal elements, other executive departments and agencies, critical partners, and the public.	
Definitions, (2), (i) AND Implementation	Government Functions that must be performed in order to support or implement the performance of Essential Functions before, during, and in the aftermath of an emergency.	5.0 Essential Functions
Actions, (11), (A)	The continuation of the performance of Essential Functions during any emergency must be for a period of up to 30 days or until normal operations can be resumed.	

HOMELAND SECURITY PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE 51 (Cont'd) http://www.fas.org/irp/offdocs/nspd/nspd-51.htm				
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan		
Implementation Actions, (11), (e)	Provision must be made for the availability and redundancy between and amongst key government leadership, internal elements, other executive departments and agencies, critical partners, and the public.	6.0 Key Positions / Personnel		
Implementation Actions, (11), (b)	Succession orders and pre-planned devolution of authorities that ensure the emergency delegation of authority must be planned and documented in advance in accordance with applicable law.	7.0 Orders of Succession		
Implementation Actions, (11), (b)	Succession orders and pre-planned devolution of authorities that ensure the emergency delegation of authority must be planned and documented in advance in accordance with applicable law.	8.0 Delegation of Authority		
Implementation Actions, (11), (b)	Succession orders and pre-planned devolution of authorities that ensure the emergency delegation of authority must be planned and documented in advance in accordance with applicable law.	9.0 Devolution		
Implementation Actions, (11), (c), (d)	Vital resources, facilities, and records must be safeguarded, and official access to them must be provided. Provision must be made for the acquisition of the resources necessary for continuity operations on an emergency basis	10.0, 11.0 and 12.0 Vital Records		
Implementation Actions, (11), (a)	Capability to be fully operational at alternate sites as soon as possible after the occurrence of an emergency, but not later than 12 hours after COOP activation.	13.0 Continuity Facility		
Implementation Actions, (11), (e)	Provision must be made for the availability and redundancy of critical communications capabilities at alternate sites in order to support connectivity between and among key government leadership, internal elements, other executive departments and agencies, critical partners, and the public.	14.0 Interoperable Communications		
Implementation Actions, (11), (g)	Provision must be made for the identification, training, and preparedness of personnel capable of relocating to alternate facilities to support the continuation of the performance of Essential Functions.	15.0 Maintaining COOP Readiness		

FEDERAL CONTINUITY DIRECTIVES 1 AND 2 * (See Note) http://www.docstoc.com/docs/7295465/Federal-Continuity-Directive-1-DHS/				
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan		
FCD 1, Program Management, Foundation: Continuity Planning and Program Management	While an organization needs leaders, staff, communications, and facilities to perform its essential functions, it also needs well thought out and detailed plans for what to do with those key resources. Planning must include all of the requirements and procedures needed to perform essential functions.	1.6 Planning Responsibilities		
FCD 1, Program Management, Foundation: Continuity Planning and Program Management	Readiness is the ability of an organization to respond to an incident. While readiness is a function of planning and training, it is ultimately the responsibility of leadership to ensure an organization-through normal procedures or with a continuity plan-can perform its essential functions before, during and after an incident.	2.0 Plan Implementation		
FCD 1, Program Management, Foundation: Continuity Planning and Program Management	Risk management is the process to identify, control, and minimize the impact of uncertain events.	3.0 Risk / Vulnerability Assessment		
FCD 1, Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability, Number 9 (g) Human Capital	 2) Agencies must provide guidance to continuity personnel on individual preparedness measures they should take to ensure response to a continuity event. 3) Agencies must implement a process to communicate the agency's operating status to all staff. 4) Agencies must implement a process to contact and account for all staff in the event of an emergency. 6) Agencies must implement a process to communicate their human capital guidance for emergencies (pay, leave, staffing and other human resources flexibilities) to managers and make staff aware of that guidance in an effort to help agencies continue essential functions during an emergency. 	4.0 Human Capital Management		
FCD 2, Policy, Number 5	Departments and agencies are to identify their Mission Essential Functions (MEF's) and the primary mission essential functions that support the MEF's and ensure that those functions can be continued through-out, or resumed rapidly after, a disruption of normal activities. The continuous performance of essential functions must be guaranteed with the right people, the right resources and the right planning.	5.0 Essential Functions		
FCD 1, Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability, Number 9 (g) Human Capital, Leadership and Staff	People are critical to the operations of any organization. Choosing the right people for an organization's staff is vitally important, and this is especially true in a crisis situation. During a continuity event, emergency employees and other special categories of employees will be activated by an agency to perform assigned response duties.	6.0 Key Positions / Personnel		

FEDERAL CONTINUITY DIRECTIVES 1 AND 2 * (See Note) (Cont'd) http://www.docstoc.com/docs/7295465/Federal-Continuity-Directive-1-DHS/					
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan			
FCD 1, Program Management, Number 8, Pillars 1 & 2, Leadership and Staff	Organizations must provide for a clear line of succession in the absence of existing leadership and the necessary delegation of authority to ensure that succeeding leadership has the legal authorities to carry out their duties.	7.0 Orders of Succession			
AND					
FCD 1, Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability, Number 9 (b), Orders of Succession	Agencies are responsible for establishing, promulgating, and maintaining orders of succession to key positions.				
FCD 1, Program Management, Number 8, Pillars 1 & 2, Leadership and Staff	Organizations must provide for a clear line of succession in the absence of existing leadership and the necessary delegation of authority to ensure that succeeding leadership has the legal authorities to carry out their duties.	8.0 Delegation of Authority			
FCD 1, Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability, Number 9 (j), Devolution of Control & Direction	Devolution is the capability to transfer statutory authority and responsibility for essential functions from an agency's primary operating staff and facilities to other agency employees and facilities, and to sustain that operational capability for an extended period.	9.0 Devolution			
FCD 1, Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability, Number 9 (f), Vital Records Management	Electronic and hardcopy documents, references, records, information systems, and data management software and equipment needed to support essential functions during a continuity situation should be identified, protected and readily available. Personnel must have access to and be able to use these records. To ensure performance of essential functions, agencies will pre-position and/or regularly update records.	10.0, 11.0 and 12.0 Vital Records			
FCD 1, Program Management, Number 8, Pillar 4, Facilities AND	Organizations should have adequate, separate locations to ensure essential functions are executed by leadership and staff. Physical dispersion should allow for easy transfer of function responsibility in the event of a problem in one location.	13.0 Continuity Facility			
FCD 1, Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability, Number 9 (d), Continuity Facilities	Identify alternate facilities and alternate uses for existing facilities, virtual office options including telework.				

FEDERAL CONTINUITY DIRECTIVES 1 AND 2 * (See Note) (Cont'd) http://www.docstoc.com/docs/7295465/Federal-Continuity-Directive-1-DHS/				
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan		
FCD 1, Program Management, Number 8, Pillar 3, Communications & Technology	All organizations must identify the communication requirements needed to perform their essential functions during both routine and continuity conditions.	14.0 Interoperable Communications		
FCD 1, Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability, Number 9 (h), Test, Training and Exercise AND	Plan, conduct, and document periodic TT&Es to prepare for all-hazards continuity emergencies and disasters, identify deficiencies, and demonstrate the viability of continuity plans and programs. Deficiencies, actions to correct them, and a timeline for remedy must be documented in an organization's CAP.	15.0 Maintaining COOP Readiness		
FCD 1, Program Management, Foundation: Continuity Planning and Program Management	Readiness is the ability of an organization to respond to an incident. While readiness is a function of planning and training, it is ultimately the responsibility of leadership to ensure an organization-through normal procedures or with a continuity plan-can perform its essential functions before, during and after an incident.			

^{*} **Note:** Federal Continuity Directive 2 (FCD 2) implements the requirements of Federal Continuity Directive 1, ANNEX C.

	CONTINUITY GUIDANCE CIRCULAR 1 http://www.fema.gov/pdf/about/org/ncp/cont_guidance1.pdf	
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan
Background, Number 6	Responsibility for continuity planning resides with the highest level of management of the organization involved. The senior Elected Official or the administrative head of a State or local organization is ultimately responsible for the continuation of essential services during an emergency and for the related	1.6 Planning Responsibilities
AND	planning.	
Program Management, Number 7	The continuity program staff within an organization should coordinate and oversee the development and implementation of continuity plans and supporting procedures.	
Background, Number 6	Effective implementation of continuity plans and programs requires the support of senior leaders and decision makers who have the authority to commit the organization and the necessary resources to support the programs.	2.0 Plan Implementation
Annex N	An organization should be prepared to implement executive decisions that are based upon a review of the emergency, and that then determine the best course of action based on the organization's readiness posture. The organization should develop an implementation plan that includes that organization's continuity of operations implementation criteria. The plan should cover the four phases of (1) readiness and preparedness, (2) activation and relocation, (3) continuity operations, and (4) reconstitution.	
Program Management, Number 7, The Foundation: Continuity Planning and Program Management	Risk management is the process to identify, control, and minimize the impact of uncertain events. Security is a key element to any continuity program to protect plans, personnel, facilities, and capabilities to prevent adversaries from interfering with continuity plans and operations. In order to ensure the safety and success of continuity operations, an effective security strategy should address personnel, physical, and information security.	3.0 Risk / Vulnerability Assessment
AND		
Annex B	Provide an understanding of the three questions: (1) What can go wrong, (2) What is the likelihood that the undesired event might occur; and (3) What would be the impact should it occur. Identify the existing safeguards that are in place to reduce either the likelihood (e.g., security countermeasures) or consequence (e.g., redundant capabilities) of the hazard.	

	CONTINUITY GUIDANCE CIRCULAR 1 (Cont'd) http://www.fema.gov/pdf/about/org/ncp/cont_guidance1.pdf	_
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan
Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability for Non-Federal Entities, Number 9, (g)	An organization's continuity of operations program, plans, and procedures should incorporate existing organization-specific guidance and direction for human capital management. These can include guidance on pay, leave, work scheduling, benefits, telework, hiring, etc., authorities and flexibilities. Organizations should implement a process to communicate their human capital guidance for emergencies (pay, leave, staffing and other human resources flexibilities) to managers and make staff aware of that guidance in an effort to help organizations continue essential functions during an emergency.	4.0 Human Capital Management
Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability for Non-Federal Entities, Number 9, (a) Essential Functions	The identification and prioritization of essential functions is a prerequisite for continuity planning, because they establish the planning parameters that drive an organization's efforts in all other planning and preparedness areas.	5.0 Essential Functions
Program Management, Number 7, Pillars 1 and 2: People – Leadership and Staff	Continuity of leadership during crisis, especially in the case of senior positions is important to reassure and give confidence that the principal position or person or appropriate successor is managing the crisis and ensuring the performance of essential functions. Leaders need to set priorities and keep focus.	6.0 Key Positions / Personnel
Program Management, Number 7, Pillars 1 and 2: People – Leadership and Staff	Continuity of leadership is critical to ensure continuity of essential functions. Organizations should provide for a clear line of succession in the absence of existing leadership and the necessary delegations of authority to ensure that succeeding leadership has the legal and other authorities to carry out their duties.	7.0 Orders of Succession
AND Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability for Non-Federal Entities, Number 9, (b)	Orders of Succession should be of sufficient depth to ensure that the organization can manage and direct its essential functions and operations throughout any emergency.	

	CONTINUITY GUIDANCE CIRCULAR 1 (Cont'd) http://www.fema.gov/pdf/about/org/ncp/cont_guidance1.pdf	
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan
Program Management, Number 7, Pillars 1 and 2: People – Leadership and Staff	Continuity of leadership is critical to ensure continuity of essential functions. Organizations should provide for a clear line of succession in the absence of existing leadership and the necessary delegations of authority to ensure that succeeding leadership has the legal and other authorities to carry out their duties.	8.0 Delegation of Authority
AND		
Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability for Non-Federal Entities, Number 9, (c)	It is vital to clearly establish delegations of authority so that all organization personnel know who has the right to make key decisions during a continuity situation.	
Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability for Non-Federal Entities, Number 9, (i)	Devolution is the capability to transfer statutory authority and responsibility for essential functions from an organization's primary operating staff and facilities to other organization employees and facilities, and to sustain that operational capability for an extended period.	9.0 Devolution
Background, Number 6	In general, continuity plans are designed to protect essential facilities, equipment, records, and assets.	10.0, 11.0 and 12.0 Vital Records
AND Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability for Non-Federal Entities, Number 9, (f)	A viable continuity plan and program includes the identification, protection, and availability of electronic and hardcopy documents, references, records, information systems, and data management software and equipment (including classified and other sensitive data) needed to support essential functions during a continuity situation. Personnel should have access to and be able to use these records and systems to perform essential functions and to reconstitute back to normal organization operations. Organizations should pre-position and regularly update duplicate Emergency Operating Records to ensure performance of essential functions.	
Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability for Non-Federal Entities, Number 9, (d)	As part of their continuity planning, all non-federal entities should identify continuity facilities; alternate uses for existing facilities; and, as appropriate, virtual office options including telework.	13.0 Continuity Facility

	CONTINUITY GUIDANCE CIRCULAR 1 (Cont'd) http://www.fema.gov/pdf/about/org/ncp/cont_guidance1.pdf	
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan
Elements of a Viable Continuity Capability for Non-Federal Entities, Number 9, (e)	The ability of an organization to execute its essential functions at its continuity facilities depends on the identification, availability, and redundancy of critical communications and information technology (IT) systems to support connectivity among key leadership personnel, internal organization elements, federal and other non-federal entities, critical customers, and the public, during crisis and disaster conditions. The capabilities of communications and IT systems (e.g., secure and non-secure voice systems, video conferencing, and fax and other messaging capabilities) to be used during an incident should mirror those capabilities used during day-to-day operations, and the choice of communications and IT systems should consider how resilient those systems are and how capable they are of operating under conditions that may involve power or other infrastructure disruptions.	14.0 Interoperable Communications
Elements of a Viable Continuity	An effective TT&E program is necessary to assist organizations to prepare and validate their organization's continuity capabilities and program to perform essential functions during	15.0 Maintaining COOP Readiness
Capability for Non-Federal Entities, Number 9, (h)	any emergency. This requires the identification, training, and preparedness of personnel capable of performing their continuity responsibilities and implementing procedures to support the continuation of organization essential functions.	

CONTINUITY GUIDANCE CIRCULAR 2 http://www.fema.gov/pdf/about/org/ncp/coop/cont_guidance2.pdf			
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan	
Business Impact Analysis, Section 3-4	The BIA looks at how various threats or hazards can affect the accomplishment of essential functions and identifies those functions that may be most susceptible to failures.	3.0 Risk / Vulnerability Assessment	
AND			
Business Impact Analysis Guidance, Identify Potential Threats and Hazards, Step 1	Potential threats and hazards that could impact performance of each MEF must be identified. Threats and hazards may be natural (e.g., hurricane, earthquake, flood), manmade (e.g., terrorist attack, cyber attack, chemical spill), or process oriented (e.g., supply chain failure, production disruption).		
State, Territorial, and Tribal Essential Functions (STTEFs) Section 2-2	The STTEFs represent the primary focus of the senior State, territorial, and tribal leadership and are accomplished through the cooperative efforts of State, territorial, and tribal organizations, in conjunction with local governments, the private sector, and the public. The specific MEFs of the various States, territories, and tribes and their departments, agencies, and organizations should be identified and described by those individual and collective organizations.	5.0 Essential Functions	
State, Territorial, and Tribal Mission Essential Functions (STTEFs) Section 2-3	To ensure the successful accomplishment of the STTEFs, individual States, territories, and tribes should identify specific MEFs that must be performed during or resumed rapidly following a significant disruption to normal operations. The State, territorial, and tribal MEFs represent those functions that the States, territories and tribes identify as their mission priorities. The specific MEFs may vary between governing organizations, but they will reflect the functions that must be accomplished to assure the general health, safety, and welfare of the jurisdiction. The State, territorial, and tribal MEFs represent the limited set of specific missions that must be continued or resumed rapidly following a significant disruption to normal operations in order to provide for general health, safety, security, and well being of communities.		

CONTINUITY GUIDANCE CIRCULAR 2 (Cont'd.) http://www.fema.gov/pdf/about/org/ncp/coop/cont_guidance2.pdf			
Location in Directive	Brief Description	Section in COOP Plan	
Process Overview Section 3-1	The identification of essential functions is the first element in ensuring a viable and effective continuity capability. In support of this goal it is important that (1) MEFs are accurately identified and prioritized; (2) a continuity-focused Business Process Analysis (BPA) is conducted to explore the processes required to perform each MEF; and (3) a Business Impact Analysis (BIA) is conducted to evaluate the effect threats and hazards may have on the ability to accomplish MEFs. Based on these analyses, risk mitigation strategies should be developed and implemented to help ensure successful MEF performance during a disruption.	5.0 Essential Functions	
Mission Essential Functions	Identification and prioritization of MEFs represent the basis for effective continuity planning. Prioritizing the MEFs helps focus		
Section 3-2	the organization to ensure that the highest priority missions receive the appropriate effort first, particularly during a crisis when emergency resources may be limited.		